





QUALIFICATIONS PACK - OCCUPATIONAL STANDARDS FOR ALLIED HEALTHCARE

What are Occupational Standards (OS)?

OS describe what individuals need to do, know and understand in order to carry out a particular job role or function

OS are performance standards that individuals must achieve when carrying out functions in the workplace, together with specifications of the underpinning knowledge and understanding

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Introduction

Qualifications Pack-General Duty Assistant

SECTOR: HEALTH **SUB-SECTOR:** Allied Health & Paramedics

OCCUPATION: General Duty Assistant

REFERENCE ID: HSS/ Q 5101

NCO CODE : NCO-2004/3231.3

General Duty Assistant - Healthcare (GDA) are also known as "Nursing Care Assistant", "Nursing Assistant", "Nursing Aide", "Bedside Assistant" or "Orderlie" when working in a hospital environment.

Brief Job Description: Individual on the job provides patient care and help maintain a suitable environment. Some of the key responsibilities of the General Duty Assistant are to provide patient's daily care, patient's comfort, patient's safety and patient's health needs.

Personal Attributes: This job requires the individual to work in collaboration with Doctors and Nurses and other healthcare providers and deliver the healthcare services as suggested by them. The individual should be result oriented. The individual should also be able to demonstrate basic patient care skills, communication skills and ethical behaviour. The individual should be willing to work in wards or clinics in shifts.





Qualifications Pack Code	HSS/Q 5101		
Job Role	General Duty Assistant		
Credits(NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Sub-sector	Allied Health & Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
Occupation	General Duty Assistant	Next review date	22/12/16
NSQC Clearance on	18/05/2015		
Job Role	General Duty Assistant		
Role DescriptionIndividual on the job provides patient care and hel suitable environment. Some of the key responsib General Duty Assistant are to provide patient's daily o comfort, patient's safety and patient's health needs.		esponsibilities of the 's daily care, patient's	
NSQF level	4		
Minimum Educational Qualifications	Preferably Class X, but Cla	ss VIII is also considered	l in certain situations
Maximum Educational Qualifications	Not Applicable		
Minimum Job Entry Age	18 Years		
Experience	Not Applicable		

Job Details







	HSS/ N 5101: Assist nurse in bathing patient
	HSS/ N 5102: Assist nurse in grooming the patient
	HSS/ N 5103: Assist patient in dressing-up
	HSS/ N 5104: Support individuals to eat and drink
	HSS/ N 5105: Assist patient in maintaining normal elimination
	HSS/ N 5106: Transferring patient within the hospital
	HSS/ N 5107: Communicating appropriately with co-workers
	HSS/ N 5108: Prevent and control infection
	HSS/ N 5109: Assist nurse in performing procedures as instructed in the
	<u>care plan</u>
	HSS/ N 5110: Assist nurse in observing and reporting change in patient
	condition
	HSS/ N 5111: Assist nurse in measuring patient parameters accurately
Applicable National	HSS/ N 5112: Respond to patient's call
Occupational Standards (NOS)	HSS/ N 5113: Clean medical equipment under supervision of nurse
	HSS/ N 5114: Transport patient samples, drugs, patient documents and
	manage changing and transporting laundry/ linen on the floor
	HSS/ N 5115: Carry out last office (death care)
	HSS/ N 9603: Act within the limits of your competence and authority
	HSS/ N 9604: Work effectively with others
	HSS/ N 9605: Manage work to meet requirements
	HSS/ N 9606: Maintain a safe, healthy and secure environment
	HSS/ N 9607: Practice Code of conduct while performing duties
	HSS/ N 9609: Follow biomedical waste disposal protocols
	Optional: N.A
Performance Criteria	As described in the relevant OS units







Keywords /Terms	Description
Biomedical Waste	Biomedical waste consists of solids, liquids, sharps, and laboratory waste that are potentially infectious or dangerous and are considered biowaste.
Core Skills/Generic Skills	Core Skills or Generic Skills are a group of skills that are essential to learning and working in today's world. These skills are typically needed in any work environment. In the context of the OS, these include communication related skills that are applicable to most job roles.
Description	Description gives a short summary of the unit content. This would be helpful to anyone searching on a database to verify that this is the appropriate OS they are looking for.
Function	Function is an activity necessary for achieving the key purpose of the sector, occupation, or area of work, which can be carried out by a person or a group of persons. Functions are identified through functional analysis and form the basis of OS.
Job role	Job role defines a unique set of functions that together form a unique employment opportunity in an organisation.
Knowledge and Understanding	Knowledge and Understanding are statements that together specify the technical, generic, professional and organisational specific knowledge that an individual needs in order to perform to the required standard.
National Occupational Standards (NOS)	NOS are Occupational Standards that apply uniquely in the Indian context.
Nil by mouth	A medical instruction, for patients who may not take any substances orally for various reasons
Occupation	Occupation is a set of job roles, which perform similar/related set of functions in an industry.
Occupational Standards (OS)	OS specify the standards of performance an individual must achieve when carrying out a function in the workplace, together with the knowledge and understanding they need to meet that standard consistently. Occupational Standards are applicable both in the Indian and global contexts.
Organisational Context	Organisational Context includes the way the organisation is structured and how it operates, including the extent of operative knowledge managers have of their relevant areas of responsibility.
Performance Criteria	Performance Criteria are statements that together specify the standard of performance required when carrying out a task.
Qualifications Pack Code	Qualifications Pack Code is a unique reference code that identifies a qualifications pack.
Qualifications Pack(QP)	Qualifications Pack comprises the set of OS, together with the educational, training and other criteria required to perform a job role. A Qualifications Pack is assigned a unique qualification pack code.
Scope	Scope is the set of statements specifying the range of variables that an individual may have to deal with in carrying out the function which have a critical impact on the quality of performance required.
Sector	Sector is a conglomeration of different business operations having similar businesses and interests. It may also be defined as a distinct subset of the economy whose components share similar characteristics and interests.
Sub-functions	Sub-functions are sub-activities essential to fulfill the achieving the objectives of the function.







Sub-sector	Sub-sector is derived from a further breakdown based on the
	characteristics and interests of its components.
Technical Knowledge	Technical Knowledge is the specific knowledge needed to accomplish
	specific designated responsibilities.
Unit Code	Unit Code is a unique identifier for an OS unit, which can be denoted with 'N'.
Unit Title	Unit Title gives a clear overall statement about what the incumbent should be able to do.
Vertical	Vertical may exist within a sub-sector representing different domain
	areas or the client industries served by the industry.
Keywords /Terms	Description
Keywords /Terms AIDS	Description Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome
AIDS	Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome
AIDS GDA	Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome General Duty Assistant
AIDS GDA HIV	Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome General Duty Assistant Human Immuno-deficiency Virus







Assist the nurse in bathing the patient

National Occupational Standards



Overview

This OS unit is about bathing a patient by General Duty Assistant. The purpose of bathing for a patient is to cleanse the skin, stimulating blood circulation to the skin, improving self-image, reducing body odour and promoting range of motion exercise.









Assist the nurse in bathing the patient

Unit Code	HSS/ N 5101 Assist nurse in bathing the patient		
Unit Title (Task)			
Description	This OS unit is about bathing a patient by General Duty Assistant. The purpose of bathing for a patient is to cleanse the skin, stimulating blood circulation to the skin, improving self-image, reducing body odour and promoting range of motion exercise.		
Scope	This unit/task covers the following: Considering patient preference and conditions when determining:		
Performance Criteria (PC) w.r.t. the Scope		
Element	Performance Criteria		
	 PC1. Maintain the patient privacy and encourage patient do as much as possible to promote independence PC2. Identify the type of bath that is best suited as per the guidelines, based on the patient condition and comfort PC3. Check water temperature before patient checks in PC4. Follow standards precautions when performing perennial care or when bathing a patient with skin lesion and rashes PC5. Dry patient skin by patting with a towel which decreases friction and prevents skin breakdown PC6. Never leave a patient unattended in bath room PC7. Wash from cleanest to dirtiest PC8. Observe and report unusual findings to the nurse PC9. Offer patient back rub after bathing and at bed time to stimulate circulation and relieve stress PC10. Apply lotion to dry skin if requested PC11. Clean tub shower chair before and after each use PC12. Always check each patients skin after bathing 		
Knowledge and Unders			
A. Organisational Context	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
(Knowledge of the	KA1. How to perform patient bath based on patient condition as per protocolsKA2. How to collect and record feedback about the services		







Assist the nurse in bathing the patient

Healthcare	KA3. How to and whom to inform in case of observing something which is clinically		
provider/	important		
Organisation and	KA4. Relevant protocols, good practices, standards, policies and procedures		
its processes)			
B. Technical	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
Knowledge			
	KB1. How to drape and undrape the patient		
	KB2. How to perform back rub		
	KB3. How to shower, complete bed bath, partial bed bath or tub bath the patient KB4. How to ensure that proper procedures and processes are followed		
	KB4. How to ensure that proper procedures and processes are followed KB5. The basic functionalities of the applications that are used during the bathing		
	KB5. The basic functionalities of the applications that are used during the bathing KB6. During Bathing observe and report any of the following		
	a. Colour changes of the lip		
	b. Rashes, dry skin, bruises, broken skin, reddened areas, abnormal skin		
	temperature		
	c. Drainage, bleeding, complaints of pain and itching		
Skills (S)			
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills		
Generic Skills	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA1. Record the completion of the bathing procedure with relevant details by		
	marking the template		
	Reading Skills		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA2. Read the doctor/nurse instructions and interpret it correctly and cross check		
	that with the ward nurse for proper understanding		
	that when the work harse for proper anaclotations		
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA3. Discuss procedures with the patient and make him/ her feel comfortable		
	SA4. Answer questions that patient may have		
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB1. Make decisions regarding the best bathing way		
	SB2. Apply best practices in existing processes to drive improvements		
	Plan and Organise		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
	SB3. Plan the time for giving the bath to the patient and organise the same with		



NOS National Occupational Standards



HSS/ N 5101:

Assist the nurse in bathing the patient

other team members if they are needed
Patient Centricity
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
SB4. All activities related to performing patient bathing are performed keeping in consideration the patient benefits
Problem Solving
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
SB5. That if there is an unusual finding than seek the help of nurse for solving the problem
Analytical Thinking
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
SB6. Use the existing experience for improving the comfort during bathing process
Critical Thinking
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
SB7. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to belief and action









Assist the nurse in bathing the patient

NOS Version Control

NOS Code	HSS/ N 5101		
Credits(NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
Occupation	General Duty Assistant	Next review date	22/12/16











Assist nurse in grooming the patient

National Occupational Standards



Overview

This OS unit is about grooming a patient by General Duty Assistant. The purpose of grooming is to promote mental, physical and personal health and also social wellbeing of the patient. This OS provides assistance about performing tasks such as caring for teeth, shaving and brushing hair.









Assist nurse in grooming the patient

Unit Code	HSS/ N 5102
Unit Title (Task)	Assist nurse in grooming the patient
Description	This OS unit is about grooming a patient by General Duty Assistant. The purpose of grooming is to promote mental, physical and personal health and also social wellbein of the patient. This OS provides assistance about performing tasks such as caring for teeth, shaving and brushing hair.
Scope	 This unit covers assisting nurse in grooming the patient: Depending on the patient condition and request GDA has to make a decision on the kind of grooming support that needs to be provided to the patient from the list below: Hair Styling and Makeup Shaving Brushing (Mouth care)
	 Finger and Toe nail Care Maintain the grooming routine, if already established by the patient and encourage the patient to do it on their own. Always use simpler and safer grooming tools. Constant encouragement and compliments will enhance self-grooming effort
Performance Criteria	a (PC) w.r.t. the Scope
Element	Performance Criteria
	 To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Maintain the patient's privacy and encourage patient do as much as possible to promote independence PC2. Show patient how they look after the grooming task is finished PC3. Use standard precautions and protocols for shaving and cutting nails PC4. Perform duties gently to avoid injuries especially during shaving, brushing an hair styling PC5. Rinse toothpaste thoroughly from the mouth after brushing PC6. Store dentures in cool water with patients name to avoid confusion
Knowledge and Und	erstanding (K)
A. Organisational The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:	

Context		
(Knowledge of the	KA1.	The importance of grooming and various functions included under grooming
Healthcare	KA2.	How to perform and modify grooming tasks based on patient condition e.g.
		dementia, diabetes and paralysis.
provider/	KA3.	Whom to inform in case of observing something which is clinically important
Organisation and	KA4.	Relevant protocols, good practices, standards, policies and procedures
its processes)		related to grooming









Assist nurse in grooming the patient

B. Technical The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
Knowledge		
	KB1. How to clean dentures and store them	
	KB2. How to perform brushing and oral care in unconscious patients	
	KB3. How to prepare patient for hair styling	
	KB4. How to prepare patient before cutting the nails	
	KB5. How to prepare patient before providing oral care	
	KB6. How to make sure that proper procedures and processes are followed	
Skills (S)		
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills	
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SA1. Record the completion of the grooming procedure on the template	
	SA2. Record observations if any made during the procedure on the template	
	Reading Skills	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SA3. Read the doctor/nurse instructions and interpret it correctly and confirm that	
	with nurse before taking any action	
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SA4. Discuss the specific grooming procedure with the patient and make them feel	
	comfortable	
	SA5. Answer the patient questions regarding their grooming needs	
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making	
D. Professional Skills		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SB1. Make decisions regarding the best way to perform a particular grooming	
	function (hair care, oral care or nail care) depending upon the patient's	
	condition.	
	SB2. Apply best practices in existing processes to drive improvements	
	SB3. Modify procedure to prevent spread of infection	
	Plan and Organise	
	The user/individual on the job needs to:	
	SB4. Ensure that all necessary equipment required to perform a particular	
	grooming task are handy	
	SB5. Ensure personal protective gear is used while grooming contagious and infected patients	
	Patient Centricity	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SB6. Use patient centric approach and make the patient feel comfortable	
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Assist nurse in grooming the patient

SB7. Ensure patient privacy
Problem Solving
Not Applicable
Analytical Thinking
Not Applicable
Critical Thinking
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
SB8. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to belief and action











Assist nurse in grooming the patient

NOS Version Control

NOS Code	HSS/ N 5102		
Credits(NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
Occupation	General Duty Assistant	Next review date	22/12/16











Assist patient in dressing

National Occupational Standards



Overview

This OS unit is about dressing a patient by General Duty Assistant. The purpose of dressing is to help them continue with the daily ritual of dressing and boost their esteem and mood at the same time. It helps promote their individuality and personality and makes them feel good about themselves.









Assist patient in dressing

Unit Code	HSS/ N 5103		
Unit Title (Task)	Assist patient in dressingThis OS unit is about dressing a patient by General Duty Assistant. The purpose of dressing to help them continue with the daily ritual of dressing and boost their esteem and mood at the same time. It helps promote their individuality and personality and makes them feel good about themselves.		
Description			
Scope	This unit covers the following:		
	 Consideration needs to be given to the following while dressing the patient: The steps involved in the process of dressing like which limb to undress first 		
	 Ensure that the clothing is comfortable as per the patients need (woollens in cold weather and cotton in warm weather) 		
	 Right size of shoes and slippers with non-slip surface to avoid falls Maintaining patient privacy by following a correct technique of undressing and dressing During dressing observe and ensure that: 		
	 Cloths fit the patient 		
	 Remove all accessories like belts, jewellery and scarfs to avoid inconvenience Shoes/slippers are of the right size and non-slippery to prevent fall 		
Performance Criteria (PC) w.r.t. the Scope		
Element	Performance Criteria		
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:		
	PC1. Maintain the patient privacy and encourage patient do as much as possible to promote independence		
	PC2. Fasten the clothing with elastic fasteners and ensure that the footwear fits correctly		
Knowledge and Under			
A. Organisational Context	The user/individual on the job needs:		
(Knowledge of the	KA1. To understand standard protocols for undressing and dressing the patient to prevent spread of infection		
Healthcare provider/	KA2. To know about the organisation processes and codes for different dresses for patient		
Organisation and its processes)	KA3. To know the importance of clothing and dressing the patient using right techniques as per the protocols		
	 KA4. To collect and record feedback about the services at the helpdesk KA5. To follow and understand relevant protocols, good practices, standards, policies and procedures 		









HSS/ N 5103:	Assist patient in dressing		
	 KB1. How to undress a patient with minimum discomfort KB2. How to inform in case of observing something which is clinically important e.g. bed sores KB3. How to dress a patient without causing discomfort KB4. Dressing procedure to prevent spread of infection KB5. Appropriate clothing depending upon the patient's condition and the general environment KB6. How to manage additional equipment like catheter or IV lines (Intravenous) while performing the dressing task 		
Skills (S)			
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills		
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA1. Record observations made during the procedure on the template		
	Reading Skills		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA2. Read the doctor/nurse instructions and confirm that with nurse before taking		
	any action		
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills) The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA3. Discuss the dressing procedure with the patient and make him feel comfortable		
	 SA4. Take verbal orders from the provider SA5. Answer the questions that patient have with regard to their dressing needs including the type of clothing. 		
	SA6. Explain to the patient the dressing procedure while performing it to minimise resistance and reduce pain		
	SA7. Inform the ward nurse on completion of the procedure		
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
	SB1. How to make decisions regarding the appropriate clothing requirement of the patient		
	SB2. Steps involved in the dressing process e.g. which limb to undress first		
	Plan and Organise		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
	SB3. Steps involved in dressing like Undress the unaffected limb first to minimise movements and rolling the soiled gown from neck downwards beneath the sheet to prevent infection		
	SB4. How to ensure patient dress is clean and dry		
	SB5. How to avoid soiling of linen during the process		









Assist patient in dressing

Patient Centricity
The user/individual on the job needs to know and ensure that:
SB6. The clothing is dry, clean and of a suitable size for the patient
SB7. The fasteners are available and secured for patients convenience
SB8. The footwear is of the right size and non-slip to prevent fall
SB9. Painful movements are minimised during the dressing procedure.
SB10. Patient privacy is maintained
Problem Solving
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
SB11. Ensure appropriate dressing technique to prevent spread of infection to othe parts
Analytical Thinking
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
SB12. Interpret the patient needs related to dressing and provide solution compassionately
SB13. Use the existing experience for improving the comfort during the dressing process
Critical Thinking
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
SB14. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to belief and action









Assist patient in dressing

NOS Version Control

NOS Code	HSS/ N 5103		
Credits(NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
Occupation	General Duty Assistant	Next review date	22/12/16









Support individuals to eat and drink

National Occupational Standards



Overview

This OS unit is about feeding a patient by General Duty Assistant. The purpose of feeding is to provide nutrition for physical and mental wellbeing, increase energy levels, enhance immunity and hasten the healing process.









Support individuals to eat and drink

	Unit Code	de HSS/ N 5104		
	Unit Title (Task)	Support individuals to eat and drink		
	Description	This OS unit is about feeding a patient by General Duty Assistant. The purpose of feeding is to provide nutrition for physical and mental wellbeing, increase energy levels, enhance immunity and hasten the healing process.		
	Scope	 This unit/task covers the following: Consideration to the following are to be given due importance by GDA when feeding Religion and cultural background Nature of the illness and condition of the patient Personal preferences Financial condition of the patient/relatives Ensuring a healthy and well-balanced diet is fed to the patient in order to ensure recovery from the condition. Patient preferences need to be given due consideration 		
	Performance Criteria	(PC) w.r.t. the Scope		
	Element	Performance Criteria		
		 To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Make the patient comfortable and encourage eating as recommended PC2. Check menu card to verify the diet, restrictions, likes and dislikes of the patient PC3. Feed through spoon PC4. Assist in elimination and oral care prior to feeding PC5. Wash hands and mouth after feeding PC6. Measure input and record them PC7. During feeding observe and ensure that: a. Elimination process is completed before feeding b. Oral care and grooming is performed before feeding c. The patient is comfortable when being fed d. The food provided is according to the dietary prescription of the prescribing physician or dietician PC8. Patient is not having symptoms of distress like coughing and regurgitation 		
Knowledge and Understanding (K)				
	A. Organisational Context (Knowledge of the Healthcare provider/ Organisation and its processes)	 The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. Whom to inform in case of observing patient problems while feeding KA2. Relevant protocols, good practices, standards, policies and procedures for feeding 		









Support individuals to eat and drink

B. Technical	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
Knowledge	
-	 KB1. The importance of balanced and healthy diet as prescribed by the physician KB2. How to wipe patients mouth and keep the cloths clean and prevent spilling to maintain patient dignity and hygiene KB3. How to wash hands and maintain hygiene to prevent spread of infections
	 KB4. How to feed using spoon or through Ryle's tube KB5. Appropriate diet for different medical conditions KB6. Ability to identify symptoms like choking or uneasiness while feeding and
	communicate them in correct language to the nurse/ physician KB7. How to measure intake and record it
Skills (S)	
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA1. Record the unusual symptoms during the feeding procedure in the template and inform the nurse about that observation
	Reading Skills
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA2. Read the procedures and if the individual is not able to than seek the help of nurse
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	 SA3. Understand and respond to patients questions during the feeding process SA4. Motivate the patient to consume recommended amount of food to hasten healing
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB1. Identify unusual symptoms experienced by the patient during feeding and report them promptly
	SB2. Manage the speed of feeding to avoid aspiration or choking
	SB3. Check the frequency of feeding as per the meal plan
	SB4. Check if the utensils are clean prior to feeding the patient
	Plan and Organise The user/individual on the job needs to:
	SB5. Plan and assist the patient in washing hands and move the patient into a comfortable position before feeding
	Patient Centricity
	The user/individual on the job needs to:
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Support individuals to eat and drink

 SB6. Avoid spilling of food during feeding SB7. Be compassionate and feed slowly to avoid aspiration or choking SB8. Intermittently offer fluids to enhance the ability to chew and prevent choking SB9. Assist in performing other functions like elimination or oral care before feeding. SB10. Maintain clean environment to avoid infection
Problem Solving
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
SB11. Interpret the patient needs related to feeding and modify feeding pattern accordingly (with approval from the concerned physician)
Analytical Thinking
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
 SB12. Interpret uneasiness during feeding and report them SB13. Use appropriate feeding techniques with smaller feeds per spoon to allow chewing SB14. Understand patients need and modify the diet like providing fluids intermittently or diluting the food to allow chewing
Critical Thinking
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB15. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to belief and action







S.D.C

HSS/ N 5104: ------

Support individuals to eat and drink

NOS Version Control

NOS Code	HSS/ N 5104		
Credits(NSQF)	тво	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
Occupation	General Duty Assistant	Next review date	22/12/16











Assist patient in maintaining normal elimination

National Occupational Standards



Overview

This OS unit is about assisting a patient in elimination by General Duty Assistant. The purpose of elimination is to assist the patient in urination and defecation and maintain hygiene during the process.









Assist patient in maintaining normal elimination

Unit Code	HSS/ N 5105		
Unit Title (Task)	Assist patient in maintaining normal elimination		
Description	This OS unit is about assisting a patient in elimination by General Duty Assistant. The purpose of elimination is to assist the patient in urination and defecation and maintain hygiene during the process.		
Scope	 This unit/task covers the following: Consideration to the following is to be given due importance by GDA when assisting in the elimination process: Patients mobility Medical condition like incontinence Urination or defecation Ensuring patient's privacy is important during elimination. Maintaining hygiene like washing hands is also an integral part of the elimination process 		
Performance Criteria (PC) w.r.t. the Scope		
Element	Performance Criteria		
	 To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Promptly respond to patients elimination needs PC2. Assist a mobile patient in moving to the toilet and provide support like giving toilet paper if required or stabilise the commode PC3. Wipe the patient and wash hands to prevent infection PC4. Use equipment correctly to prevent discomfort or injury PC5. Ensure/Maintain patients privacy at all times during the procedure PC6. Record changes in colour or texture of the elimination and report usual findings immediately 		
Knowledge and Under	standing (K)		
A. Organisational Context (Knowledge of the Healthcare provider/ Organisation and its processes)	 The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. Whom to inform in case of observing changes in normal elimination KA2. Relevant protocols, good practices, standards, policies and procedures for elimination 		
B. Technical	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
Knowledge	 KB1. How to administer a bed pan for immobile patients KB2. How to assist a mobile patient to use the commode KB3. How to check for kinks and obstruction in an indwelling catheter KB4. The process of cleaning and wiping the patient after elimination to prevent infections KB5. How to identify change in colour, odour or texture of the elimination and 		









HSS/ N 5105:	Assist patient in maintaining normal elimination		
	report it promptly		
	KB6. How to use equipment and techniques correctly to avoid injury or		
	inconvenience to the patient		
	KB7. How to wipe patients and keep the cloths clean and prevent spoiling to		
	maintain patient dignity and hygiene		
Skills	KB8. Importance of recording quality and quantity of elimination output		
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills		
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA1. Record changes in odour, texture or colour of the elimination on the template		
	SA2. Record and report the output quantity on the template		
	Reading Skills		
	The user/individual on the job needs to:		
	SA3. Read the doctor/nurse instructions and confirm that with nurse before taking		
	any action		
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA4. Motivate the patient during elimination to avoid subsequent spoiling or		
	repeats		
	SA5. Check frequently with patient about their elimination needs		
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB1. Identify unusual changes in elimination and report them promptly		
	SB2. Use bed pan correctly to avoid soiling of the linen		
	SB3. Help patients in increasing pressure to aid in the elimination process		
	SB4. Replace the spout in the holder		
	Plan and Organise		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know about:		
	SB5. Assisting a mobile patient in elimination and preventing falls and injuries		
	when in the commode		
	SB6. Stabilising the commode prior to elimination and assist the patient in getting back to the bed		
	SB7. Assisting the patient in getting into a position to help elimination for immobile patient, administer a bed pan		
	SB8. The process of wiping patient from cleanest to dirtiest part to avoid infection		
	SB9. Checking the tube for kinks, blockage or leakage for catheterised patients and clean catheter from the meatus		
	SB10. Empting the drain bag at least once every shift and report the volume to the		

nurse









Assist patient in maintaining normal elimination

Patien	t Centricity
The us	er/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	Be compassionate and check regularly for the patients elimination needs Assist in performing the function and maintain hygiene to prevent infections Ensure that the linen is not spoilt after the elimination. Also check the patient's cloths regularly
Proble	m Solving
The us	er/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
SB14.	Identify changes in the odour, texture or quantity of elimination and report them
SB15.	Assist the patient in getting into the right position for elimination
SB16.	Help the patient in raising abdominal pressure to promote elimination
SB17.	Provide enema if instructed or report it to the nurse in case of constipation
Analyt	ical Thinking
The us	er/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
SB18.	Interpret changes in elimination content and report them
SB19.	Assist the patient to promptly eliminate by getting into the right position using experience from other patients
SB20.	Regularly check for kink or obstruction of catheter for patients complaining of urinary difficulty
Critica	Thinking
The us	er/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
SB21.	Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to belief and action









Assist patient in maintaining normal elimination

NOS Version Control

NOS Code	HSS/ N 5105		
Credits(NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
Occupation	General Duty Assistant	Next review date	22/12/16











Transferring patient within the hospital

National Occupational Standards



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Overview

This OS unit is about transferring a patient by General Duty Assistant. The purpose of transferring is to move the patient to and from a bed, wheelchair or a chair using proper body mechanics with focus on safety and planning.









Transferring patient within the hospital

Unit Code	HSS/ N 5106			
Unit Title (Task)	Transferring patient within the hospital			
Description	This OS unit is about transferring a patient by General Duty Assistant. The purpose of transferring is to move the patient to and from a bed, wheelchair or a chair using proper body mechanics with focus on safety and planning.			
Scope	 This unit/task covers the following: Consideration to the following are to be given due importance by GDA when assisting in the transferring process: Patients general medical condition and mobility Patients size and ability to assist Equipment to be used for transferring the patient Ensuring patient's privacy during the transferring process is important. Using correct equipment and following proper procedures is important to prevent injury or fall 			
Performance Criteria (F	PC) w.r.t. the Scope			
Element	Performance Criteria			
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:			
	PC1. Use the equipment for transferring the patients correctly to avoid falls or injuries			
	 PC2. Ensure that the correct patient is being moved or wheeled out PC3. Understand patient's condition and estimate if additional help is required PC4. Transport the patient without causing trauma or injury PC5. Use proper body mechanics for transferring the patient PC6. Focus on safety first and ensure that the patient is comfortable 			
Knowledge and Unders	standing (K)			
A. Organisational Context	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
(Knowledge of the Healthcare	 KA1. Ensure that the right patient is being moved out/ transferred from/within the hospital KA2. Follow relevant protocols, good practices, standards, policies and procedures 			
provider/ Organisation and its processes)	while transferring the patientKA3. Use equipment and techniques correctly to avoid injury or inconvenience to the patient			
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:			
	KB1. How to use the equipment like wheel chairs and stretchersKB2. How to manoeuvre smaller equipment like catheters while transferring the patient			
	KB3. How to use body mechanics while transferring the patient to prevent injury or fall			
	KB4. How and when to use the brakes on the transferring equipment KB5. During transfer process:			



NOS National Occupational Standards





Transferring patient within the hospital

 a. Ensure that all the required equipment is available b. Assess the patients size and understand if one need help to transfer the patient safely c. Be sure that the slippers are non-slip and of the right size d. Observe and protect special equipment like catheters e. Ensure that the patients arms and legs are inside the frame of the wheelchair or the stretcher Skills Writing Skills The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. Record when and where the patient is being moved, in case of GDA not able to write he needs to inform the nurse and get that recorded Reading Skills The user/individual on the job needs to: SA2. Know the patient by registration number and name while being moved/transferred from/within the hospital Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills) The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA3. Explain to the patient what is happening and where he is being moved SA4. Communicate with the patient and count till three so that the patient knows when to move SA3. Explain to the patient on what to do during the transferring process SA6. Check with the patient if he is comfortable regularly during the transferring process. B. Professional Skills Decision Making The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: SB1. How to use proper body mechanics while moving the patient safety Plan and Organise The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: SB2. That the patient is wearing an appropriate footwear SB4. The required by a patient to get ready for moving SB5. That the patient is wearing an appropriate footwear SB8. How to check all equipment to the required to reassistance if required SB8. How to check all equipment to get ready for moving satortice wears			
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NOS National Occupational Standards



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HSS/ N 5106:

Transferring patient within the hospital

	that the patient is comfortable during the transfer			
SB10	When to set brakes at destination only to prevent falls and injuries			
SB12	 The location where the patient needs to be transported to 			
Patie	Patient Centricity			
Theu	user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
SB12	Ensure that the patient is safe during the transferring and prevent injuries to the limbs			
SB13	 Manage if there is rush on the other side of a door before opening it to prevent collision 			
Prob	Problem Solving			
Theu	user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
SB14	1. Manage brakes to prevent slipping or falling, when using elevators			
Anal	ytical Thinking			
Theu	user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
SB1	SB15. Interpret need for additional help depending upon the patient's condition			
Critic	Critical Thinking			
The	user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
SB1	5. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to belief and action			









Transferring patient within the hospital

NOS Version Control

NOS Code	HSS/ N 5106		
Credits(NSQF)	ТВО	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
Occupation	General Duty Assistant	Next review date	22/12/16











Communicating appropriately with co-workers

National Occupational Standards



Overview

This OS unit is about communicating with co-workers including nurses by General Duty Assistant. Communicating effectively with co-workers is an important to ensure continued and reasonable quality of patient care.








Communicating appropriately with co-workers

Unit Code	HSS/ N 5107		
Unit Title (Task)	Communicating appropriately with co-workers		
Description	This OS unit is about communicating with co-workers including nurses by General Duty Assistant. Communicating effectively with co-workers is an important to ensure continued and reasonable quality of patient care.		
Scope	 This unit/task covers the following: Effectively communicating with co-workers as an integral part of patient care management A GDA needs to consider the following while communicating with co-workers: Type of communication- Verbal or non-verbal Structure and content of the communication sent Comprehension and understanding of communication received Good communication skills include sending and receiving a message While communicating: Ensure that communication is precise and brief Give facts and not opinions, unless specifically requested for Have a logical structure to the communication Use an appropriate combination of verbal and non-verbal communication 		
Performance Criteria (PC) w.r.t. the Scope			
Element Performance Criteria			
	 To be competent, the user/individual on the job must: PC1. Be a good listener PC2. Speak clearly and slowly in a gentle tone PC3. Use the correct combination of verbal and non-verbal communication PC4. Use language familiar to the listener PC5. Give facts and avoid opinions unless asked for PC6. Structure brief and logical messages 		
Knowledge and Under			
A. Organisational Context (Knowledge of the Healthcare provider/ Organisation and its processes)	The user/individual on the job needs to: KA1. Communicate effectively with co-workers and follow the protocols KA2. Be patient, well-tempered and calm		
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to: KB1. Use non-verbal communication to supplement verbal communication		
	KB2. Differentiating between opinions and facts		









Communicating appropriately with co-workers

	KB3. Know the local language
Skills	
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA1. Record and report communications received and sent on the template
	Reading Skills
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA2. Follow instructions as specified in the patient file and seek the help of provider if not having the skills
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA3. Listen patiently
	SA4. Provide feedback (verbal and non-verbal) to encourage smooth flow of information
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: SB1. How to use non-verbal communication to send across the message quickly
	Plan and Organise
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
	SB2. How to plan and structure the patient related communication
	Patient Centricity
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB3. Avoid unwanted and unnecessary communication with patients
	SB4. Maintain eye contact and non-verbal communication
	Problem Solving
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB6. Communicate effectively to a co-worker to solve the problem related to patient care
	Analytical Thinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
	SB7. How to communicate a message related to patient care effectively to a co- worker
	Critical Thinking









Communicating appropriately with co-workers

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
SB8. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to belief and action











Communicating appropriately with co-workers

NOS Version Control

NOS Code	HSS/ N 5107		
Credits(NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
Occupation	General Duty Assistant	Next review date	22/12/16











Prevent and control infection

National Occupational Standards



Overview

This OS unit is about following infection control procedure by General Duty Assistant. Infection control is an integral part of clinical care which focuses on preventing spread of microorganisms while performing different patient care procedures.









Prevent and control infection

	Unit Code	HSS/ N 5108		
	Unit Title (Task)	Prevent and control infection		
	Description	This OS unit is about following infection control procedure by General Duty Assistant. Infection control is an integral part of clinical care which focuses on preventing spread of microorganisms while performing different patient care procedures.		
	Scope	 This unit/task covers the following: Effectively controlling infections as an integral part of patient care management A GDA needs to consider the following while following infection control procedures: Nature and type of infection Mode of transmission of infection Standard precautions and procedures to restrict the spread of the infection Infection control procedures focus on protecting the patient from acquiring new infections and preventing the spread of existing infection to other parts or patients. 		
	Performance Criteria (P	PC) w.r.t. the Scope		
	Element	Performance Criteria		
		 To be competent, the user/individual on the job must: PC1. Know all procedures required for infection control PC2. Follow standard precautions PC3. Be aware of rules to dispose of biomedical waste and sharps PC4. Follow high level of personal hygiene PC5. Practice medical asepsis PC6. Follow infection control procedures and should ensure that, All standard precautions and procedures are followed Protective gears are used while getting in contact with the patient Consider all blood, body fluids and excreta contaminated 		
Knowledge and Understanding (K)				
	A. Organisational Context (Knowledge of the Healthcare provider/ Organisation and its processes)	 The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. Employee Health policy KA2. Personal hygiene protocols KA3. Standard procedures to prevent infection spread and maintain medical asepsis 		









Prevent and control infection

B. Technical	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:				
Knowledge					
	KB1. About HIV /AIDS and its spread				
	KB2. Cleaning procedure from dirtiest to cleanest				
	KB3. Hand wash procedure				
	KB4. How to use personal protective gear				
Skills					
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills				
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:				
	SA1. Record and report infection control protocols in case GDA has the required				
	skills to capture that else inform the provider to record				
	Reading Skills				
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:				
	SA2. Read the instructions and if an individual is not able to than seek the help of				
	nurse before taking any action				
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)				
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:				
	SA3. Interact with the patient and explain the importance of infection control				
	SA4. Make observations and communicate them correctly to the nurse or other				
	medical professionals				
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making				
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:				
	SB1. Follow procedure appropriately in order to avoid infection spread				
	SB2. Inform the nurse in case of breach of infection control procedure				
	Plan and Organise				
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand on how to:				
	SB3. Get prepared with appropriate personal protective gear				
	SB4. Ensure all equipment are available				
	SB5. Follow procedures and guidelines as specified				
	SB6. Dispose biomedical waste as per guidelines				
	Patient Centricity				
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and ensure how to:				
	SB7. Be patient and sensitive to the patients, especially those with stigmatising				
	diseases like HIV and Tuberculosis				
	SB8. Follow all procedures keeping patient safety in mind				
	SB9. Keep all equipment used on the patient clean				
	Problem Solving				









Prevent and control infection

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
SB10. Take appropriate measures to prevent spread of infection
Analytical Thinking
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
SB11. What to do in case of a spillage
SB12. Hand wash procedure to ensure utmost hygiene
Critical Thinking
The user needs to know and understand how to:
SB13. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation,
experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to belief and action











Prevent and control infection

NOS Version Control

NOS Code	HSS/ N 5108		
Credits(NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
Occupation	General Duty Assistant	Next review date	22/12/16











National Occupational Standards



Overview

This OS unit is about the procedures to be performed by General Duty Assistant. There are certain simple procedures like enema or preparing the patient for an operation, that need to be performed by the General Duty Assistant.









Unit Code	HSS/ N 5109 Assist nurse in performing procedures as instructed in the care plan			
Unit Title (Task)				
Description	This OS unit is about the procedures to be performed by General Duty Assistant. There are certain simple procedures like enema or preparing the patient for an operation, that need to be performed by the General Duty Assistant.			
Scope	 Perform different procedures as a part of patient care management A GDA needs to consider the following while performing procedures: Follow standard precautions to prevent spread of an infection or induce an infection Wear protective gear in order to protect self from getting infected Ensure equipment being used for the procedure are clean/sterile Perform the procedure as instructed by the nurse/physician Infection control and correct technique of performing the procedure is of key importance for continued patient care management. While performing procedures observe and ensure that: Special instructions to perform the procedure are followed Ensure that the patient is comfortable and not inconvenienced due to the procedure 			

Performance Criteria (PC) w.r.t. the Scope **Performance Criteria** Element To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Perform key procedures like inducing enema, prepare patient for being moved to the operation theatre PC2. Operate the equipment used to perform the procedure Knowledge and Understanding (K) The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: A. Organisational Context KA1. Standard procedures and policies to be followed to prevent spread of (Knowledge of the infection, avoid discomfort to the patient and ensure continued treatment Healthcare KA2. How to use the equipment meant to perform the procedure provider/ Organisation and its processes) **B.** Technical The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: Knowledge KB1. How to assist nurse in perform the different procedures KB2. What is the significance of each procedure in patient management KB3. How to induce an enema KB4. How to prepare the patient for the operation theatre









Ski	lls					
_	A. Core Skills/ Writing Skills					
А.	Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:				
		SA1. Record and report infection control protocols in case GDA has the required skills to capture that else inform the nurse to record				
		Reading Skills				
		The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:				
		SA2. Follow instructions as specified in the patient file in case GDA has reading skill				
		otherwise take the instructions from nurse				
		Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)				
		The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:				
		SA3. Communicate with the patient at every stage of procedure				
		SA4. Understand patient's request and needs				
В.	Professional Skills	Decision Making				
		The user/individual on the job needs to know:				
		SB1. The most appropriate technique of performing the procedure				
		SB2. Minor modifications in the procedure to improve patients comfort				
		SB3. Which unusual observations need to be reported to the nurse				
		Plan and Organise				
		The user/individual on the job needs to:				
		SB4. Record and document observation				
		SB5. Ensure that the equipment for the procedure is in place and functioning				
		normally				
		Patient Centricity				
		The user/individual on the job needs to know and ensure that:				
		The dsery individual on the job freeds to know and ensure that.				
		SB6. Talk to the patient continuously while performing the procedure so as to				
		make the patient more comfortable and aware of what is happening				
		SB7. Stop, modify or update the technique of the procedure based on patient's convenience				
		Problem Solving				
		The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:				
		SB8. Modify the procedure to enhance comfort levels				
		Analytical Thinking				
		The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:				
		1				









SB9. How to manoeuvre a procedure in order to reduce discomfort or pain to the patient			
Critical Thinking			
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
SB10. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to belief and action			











HSS/ N 5109: Assist nurse in performing procedures as instructed in the care plan

NOS Version Control

NOS Code	HSS/ N 5109		
Credits(NSQF)	твр	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
Occupation	General Duty Assistant	Next review date	22/12/16











National Occupational Standards



Overview

This OS unit is about making observations and reporting changes in patient's condition by General Duty Assistant. Observation and reporting by GDA is important for continued patient care and wellbeing and is an integral part of the job.









Unit Code	HSS/ N 5110		
Unit Title (Task)	Assist nurse in observing and reporting changes in patient condition		
Description	This OS unit is about making observations and reporting changes in patient's condition by General Duty Assistant. Observation and reporting by GDA is important for continued patient care and wellbeing and is an integral part of the job.		
Scope	 This unit/task covers the following: Observe and report changes in patients overall condition A GDA needs to consider the following while making observations and reporting: Is the observation subjective (patient complains of tiredness) or objective (change in skin colour) Does it require immediate medical attention or is it a routine observation. Reporting the observations to a nurse or an appropriately qualified medical professional Observations and accurate reporting of these observations is important for patient management Prompt reporting is done for critical or acute changes 		
Performance Criteria (F	PC) w.r.t. the Scope		
Element	Performance Criteria		
	 To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Observe colour changes like bluish or yellowish discoloration of the skin PC2. Observe changes in odour or consistency of urine and stools PC3. Communicate the observations in an appropriate language and construct PC4. Differentiate between immediate and routine reporting requirements 		
Knowledge and Unders	standing (K)		
 A. Organisational Context (Knowledge of the Healthcare provider/ Organisation and its processes) 	 The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. Severity of different type of observations and procedure of recording them KA2. The specific type of observation and reporting requirements within a department 		
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
	 KB1. What are different type of observations and how they can impact patients health KB2. Different changes in skin colour and their implications 		
	KB3. Different changes in odour of urine and faeces and their implication		









		KB4. Alteration in consistency of eliminations		
		KB5. Skin abrasions or injuries		
		KB6. Subjective patient complaints like dizziness, disorientation		
Ski	ills			
Α.	Core Skills/	Writing Skills		
	Generic Skills			
		Not Applicable		
		Reading Skills		
		Not Applicable		
		Not Applicable		
		Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)		
		The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
		SA1. Verify the observations by asking questions to the patient		
		SA2. Communicate the observations to the nurse verbally		
B. Professional Skills Decision Making				
		The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
		SB1. Know which type of observations need to be reported immediately vs. which		
		observations are to be reported as routine		
		Plan and Organise		
		The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
		SB2. Plan and organise the observations and reports prepared during change in		
		patient condition		
		Patient Centricity		
		Not Applicable		
		Problem Solving		
		The user/individual on the job needs to:		
		SB3. Provide simple solutions like change in position to alleviate pain associated		
		with bed sores		
		Analytical Thinking		
		The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
		SB4. Differentiate between a serious observation vs. a routine observation		







	Critical Thinking	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SB5. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to belief and action	









HSS/ N 5110: Assist nurse in observing and reporting changes in patient condition

NOS Version Control

NOS Code	HSS/ N 5110		
Credits(NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
Occupation	General Duty Assistant	Next review date	22/12/16











Assist nurse in measuring patient parameters accurately

National Occupational Standards



Overview

This OS unit is about taking appropriate measurements by General Duty Assistant. Measurement of weight and height are important from the perspective of computing status of recovery of the patient.









Assist nurse in measuring patient parameters accurately

Unit Code	HSS/ N 5111			
Unit Title (Task)	Assist nurse in measuring patient parameters accurately			
Description	This OS unit is about taking appropriate measurements by General Duty Assistant. Measurement of weight and height are important from the perspective of computing status of recovery of the patient.			
Scope	 This unit/task covers the following: Taking measurements like weight and height: A GDA needs to consider the following when taking measurements: Patients height is to be measured at time of admission Patient's weight is measured as per the physicians order Using different types of scales depending upon the patients' medical condition 			
Performance Criteria (F	C) w.r.t. the Scope			
Element	Performance Criteria			
	 To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Assist nurse in calibrating the scales and following manufacturer's guidelines PC2. Use different types of scales including manual, digital, standard, chair and bed scales PC3. Ensure that patient is comfortable and positioned correctly 			
Knowledge and Unders	PC4. Ensure patient safety to prevent a fall or an injury			
A. Organisational Context	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:			
(Knowledge of the Healthcare provider/ Organisation and its processes)	 KA1. How to use different types of scales including digital, manual, standard, chair and bed scales under the guidance of nurse KA2. How to read the scales correctly and avoid errors KA3. The standard procedure while measuring weights like empty bladder, empty bowel and light clothing KA4. Safety of the patient and never leave the patient unattended 			
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:			
	 KB1. How to calibrate the different types of scales KB2. How to make adjustments in measurements to ensure correct recordings KB3. How to place/position the patient on the scales to avoid faulty recordings KB4. How to measure the urine output KB5. Unusual findings in measurements and report them immediately KB6. While taking measurements observe and ensure that: a. Patient wears same type of cloths each time the weight is taken b. The patients bladder is empty when the weight is taken c. Schedule daily weights at the same time d. Calibrate the scale as per manufacturer's instructions 			









Assist nurse in measuring patient parameters accurately

Ski	ills				
Α.	Core Skills/	Writing Skills			
	Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
		SA1. Record weight and height correctly on the template			
		SA2. Report unusual findings to the nurse and record them after verification			
		Reading Skills			
		The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
		SA3. Notice any changes in previous measurements and report them to the nurse			
		SA4. Follow instructions as specified on the file before taking the measurements or			
		seek nurse help to interpret that			
		Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)			
		The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
		SA5. Explain to the patient about the measurements being taken beforehand			
		SA6. Verify if the bladder and bowels are empty before taking weights			
		SA7. Communicate to the patient prior to moving the patient on to the weighting			
		scale			
В.	Professional Skills	Decision Making			
		The user/individual on the job needs to:			
		SB1. Ensure that the scales are calibrated correctly			
		SB2. Identify significant changes in the measurements and inform them to the			
		Nurse SB3. Know which type of weighing scale to be used depending upon the condition			
		SB3. Know which type of weighing scale to be used depending upon the condition of the patient			
		Plan and Organise			
		The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
		SB4. Ensure that the correct equipment is in place to make measurements			
		SB5. Calibrate and arrange the equipment before taking measurements			
		Patient Centricity			
		The user/individual on the job needs to know and ensure:			
		SB6. To assist the patient in movements while taking measurements and ensure that they are comfortable			
		SB7. The use of appropriate equipment to make measurements depending upon			
		the patient's condition			
		Problem Solving			









HSS/ N 5111:	Assist nurse in measuring patient parameters accurately
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB8. Select equipment as per the patient's condition to make the pa

SB8.	Select equipment as per the patient's condition to make the patient comfortable
SB9.	Inform the maintenance department and raise a request for repair when measurement errors in the equipment are observed
Analyti	cal Thinking
The use	er/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
SB10.	Identify equipment related 'zero errors' and take accurate measures by seeking help of nurse
Critical	Thinking
The use	er/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

SB11. Apply, analyse, and evaluate the information gathered from observation, experience, reasoning, or communication, as a guide to belief and action













HSS/ N 5111:

Assist nurse in measuring patient parameters accurately

NOS Version Control

NOS Code	HSS/ N 5111		
Credits(NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
Occupation	General Duty Assistant	Next review date	22/12/16











Respond to patient's call

National Occupational Standards



Overview

This OS unit is about responding to call bell by General Duty Assistant. The purpose of responding to call bell is to check if the patient needs something and to provide a solution promptly. Promptly responding to call bells is important for patient's satisfaction.









Respond to patient's call

Unit Code	HSS/ N 5112		
Unit Title (Task)	Respond to patient's call		
Description	This OS unit is about responding to patient's call by General Duty Assistant. The purpose of responding to call bell is to check if the patient needs something and to provide a solution promptly. Promptly responding to call bells is important for patient satisfaction.		
Scope	 This unit/task covers the following: Responding to call bell A GDA needs to consider the following when responding to a call bell, If the call is for a medical need, communicate it to the nurse immediately If the call is for a non-medical need, respond accordingly Promptly responding to call bell is important for patient's general wellbeing and overall satisfaction 		
Performance Criteria (F	PC) w.r.t. the Scope		
Element	Performance Criteria		
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:PC1.Promptly respond to call bellPC2.Communicate the medical needs to the nurse station without delayPC3.Courteously and sensitively meet patient needsPC4.Ensure that the patient is at ease or comfortablePC5.Quickly scan the patients surrounding and take appropriate action		
Knowledge and Unders	standing (K)		
A. Organisational Context (Knowledge of the Healthcare provider/ Organisation and its processes)	 The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. Procedures and codes to be followed in case of call bell KA2. The emergency protocols to be followed in case of call bell being pressed to urgent needs 		
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
	 KB1. How response time is linked with patient satisfaction KB2. When to turn off the call bell KB3. Common reasons for non-medical bell calls like elimination, need for drinking water or turning off the light. KB4. The medical reasons for bell calls and communicate them promptly to the nurse KB5. How to use patient bed equipment for different bed positions like propping up. 		









Respond to patient's call

	KB6. While responding to the call bell observe and ensure that:		
	a. The call bell is turned off after the purpose is served.		
	b. Survey the patients surrounding and take appropriate action like		
	checking if drinking water is available in the room.		
	KB7. Place the call button within reach and encourage them to call when in		
CI.:!!	need		
Skills			
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills		
Generic Skills	Not Applicable		
	Reading Skills		
	Not Applicable		
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)		
	The user/individual on the job needs to:		
	SA1. Be courteous and seek patients permission to enter the room		
	SA2. Understand the patients request for which the call was madeSA3. Communicate to the patient one's understanding of the request		
	SA4. Encourage the patient to call for any other need		
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making		
	The user/individual on the job needs to:		
	SB1. Know the reason of request(medical or non-medical) and when to inform the nurse		
	Plan and Organiza		
	Plan and Organise		
	The user/individual on the job needs to:		
	SB2. Plan and organise the response to call		
	Patient Centricity		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and ensure to:		
	SB3. Be quick to respond to a call		
	SB4. Check for any additional needs that the patient may have by scanning the		
	patient surroundings		
	SB5. Encourage the patient to use the call whenever needed		
	Problem Solving		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB6. Identify the nature of the request and correctly respond to it		
	Analytical Thinking		







Respond to patient's call

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
SB7. Be aware of common non-medical needs and satisfy the need before a request is made e.g. making drinking water available		
SB8. Differentiate between medical and non-medical needs and intimate the nurse about medical requests		
Critical Thinking		
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
SB9. Ability to identify difference between urgent and non urgent call requests		











Respond to patient's call

NOS Version Control

NOS Code	HSS/ N 5112		
Credits(NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
Occupation	General Duty Assistant	Next review date	22/12/16











Clean medical equipment under supervision of nurse

National Occupational Standards



Overview

This OS unit is about cleaning medical equipment by General Duty Assistant under the supervision of nurse.









Clean medical equipment under supervision of nurse

Unit Code	HSS/ N 5113		
Unit Title (Task)	Clean medical equipment under supervision of nurse		
Description	This OS unit is about cleaning medical equipment by General Duty Assistant under the supervision of nurse.		
Scope	This unit/task covers the following:Cleaning, handling routine maintenance and sterilisation		
	Reference : 'The content of this National Occupational Standard is drawn from the UK Skills for Health NOS [SCDHSC00243 Support the safe use of materials and equipment] and has been reproduced with their permission'		
Performance Criteria (I			
Element	Performance Criteria		
	 To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Handle equipment safely or seek the help of nurse PC2. Use appropriate protective clothing and equipment when cleaning equipment PC3. Clean and maintain equipment according to manufacturer's instructions, any legal requirements and work setting procedures PC4. Report to appropriate people/nurse about the equipment that are unsuitable for use PC5. Dispose of any waste safely and according to legal requirements and organisation protocol 		
Knowledge and Unders	standing (K)		
A. Organisational Context (Knowledge of the Healthcare provider/ Organisation and its processes)	 The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. Relevant protocols, good practices, standards, policies and procedures KA2. Procedures required for cleaning the equipment as per organisation protocol or nurse 		
B. Technical Knowledge	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
	KB1. How to clean the equipmentKB2. The procedures to clean the equipmentKB3. How to dispose of waste safely or seek the help of nurse		
Skills (S)			
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills		









Clean medical equipment under supervision of nurse

Generic Skills	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
	SA1. How to enter the procedure in the template		
	Reading Skills		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
	SA2. How to read the symbols on the equipment and if not able to then seek the		
	help of nurse		
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)		
	The user (individual on the internet of the lunguage and understand how to		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA3. Discuss procedures with the nurse to carry the process effectively		
B. Professional Skills			
	The user/individual on the job needs to:		
	Not Applicable		
	Plan and Organise		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
	SB1. How to plan the procedure under the guidance of nurse		
	Patient Centricity		
	Not Applicable		
	Problem Solving		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
	SB2. The error occurred during the procedure and seek the help of nurse for		
	solving the problem		
	Analytical Thinking		
	Not Applicable		
	Critical Thinking		
	Not Applicable		









Clean medical equipment under supervision of nurse

NOS Version Control

NOS Code	HSS/ N 5113		
Credits(NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
Occupation	General Duty Assistant	Next review date	22/12/16











HSS/ N 5114: Transport patient samples, drugs, patient documents and manage changing and transporting laundry/ linen on the floor

National Occupational Standards



Overview

This OS unit is about transporting patient samples, drugs, patient documentation (patient files, discharge summary etc.), changing/ transporting/ managing laundry/ linen on the floor.









HSS/ N 5114: Transport patient samples, drugs, patient documents and manage changing and transporting laundry/ linen on the floor

Unit Code	HSS/ N 5114	
Unit Title (Task)	Transport patient samples, drugs, patient documents and manage changing and transporting laundry/ linen on the floor	
Description	This OS unit is about transporting patient samples, drugs, patient documentation (patient files, discharge summary etc.), changing/ transporting/ managing laundry/ linen on the floor.	
Scope	 This unit/task covers the following: Transporting patient samples, drugs, patient documents and manage changing and transporting laundry/ linen on the floor with care to prevent the spread of infection 	
	Reference : 'The content of this National Occupational Standard is drawn from the UK Skills for Health NOS [SFHIPC10 Minimise the risk of spreading infection when transporting clean and used linen] and has been reproduced with their permission'	
Performance Criteria (P	PC) w.r.t. the Scope	
Element	Performance Criteria	
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must:	
	 PC1. Perform effective hand hygiene and use personal protective equipment in accordance with the local and national policy/procedures PC2. Ensure linen receptacles that have not been filled or secured correctly in line with local policy are not collected or transported PC3. Ensure that trolleys or vehicles are cleaned, with or without disinfection, and check that they are in good working order before use, isolating and reporting any that are not PC4. Collect and transport clean linen avoiding cross contamination with used linen and use a trolley or vehicle specifically designated for the delivery of clean linen PC5. Hand over the patient documents and drugs to the concerned person PC6. Ensure that all documents and drugs are handed over carefully 	
Knowledge and Unders	tanding (K)	
 A. Organisational Context (Knowledge of the Healthcare provider/ Organisation and its processes) B. Technical 	 The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. Relevant protocols, good practices, standards, policies and procedures KA2. Procedures required for cleaning the equipment as per organisation protocol or nurse 	
Knowledge	KB1. How to clean the linen trolleys	









HSS/ N 5114: Transport patient samples, drugs, patient documents and manage changing and transporting laundry/ linen on the floor

	 KB2. How to use personal protective equipment KB3. How to handover the document and drugs and receive the acknowledgment KB4. Where an exposure occurs while transporting clean linen: report the incident immediately and seek further advice on the need for further medical care document the incident, following local policies 		
Skills (S)			
A. Core Skills/	Core Skills/ Writing Skills		
Generic Skills	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
	SA1. How to enter the procedure in the template		
	Reading Skills		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
	SA2. How to read the symbols on the equipment and if not able to then seek the		
	help of nurse		
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	CA2 Discuss areas during with the sume to some the process offectively		
B. Professional Skills	SA3. Discuss procedures with the nurse to carry the process effectively		
B. Professional Skills			
	The user/individual on the job needs to:		
	SB1. Make decisions regarding the existing processes with the help of nurse		
	Plan and Organise		
	The user/individual on the job needs to:		
	SB2. Plan the procedure under the guidance of nurse		
	Patient Centricity		
	Not Applicable Problem Solving		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
	SB3. The error occurred during the procedure and seek the help of nurse for solving the problem		
	Analytical Thinking		
	Not Applicable		
	Critical Thinking		
	Not Applicable		








HSS/ N 5114: Transport patient samples, drugs, patient documents and manage changing and transporting laundry/ linen on the floor

NOS Code	HSS/ N 5114		
Credits(NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
Occupation	General Duty Assistant	Next review date	22/12/16









N:S:D:C National Skill Development Corporation

HSS/ N 5115:

Carry out last office (Death care)

National Occupational Standards



Overview

This OS unit is about carrying out the last office i.e. providing death care to the deceased person.









HSS/ N 5115: -----

Carry out last office (Death care)

Unit Code	HSS/ N 5115	
Unit Title (Task)	Carry out last office (death care)	
Description	This OS unit is about providing basic care and transferring a patient's body post dea by General Duty Assistant.	
Scope	 This unit/task covers the following: Providing post death care and preserving privacy and dignity of the deceased respecting their cultural/religious beliefs and personal wishes where possible Ensuring patient's privacy during the transferring process is important 	
Performance Criteria (PC) w.r.t. the Scope	
Element	Performance Criteria	
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:	
	 PC1. Remove jewellery and any personal items, unless requested or advised otherwise. Ensure that appropriate records are made of any personal items left on the body or otherwise. PC2. Attend to hygiene needs, paying particular attention to hair, nail care and ora hygiene PC3. Attempt to close the eyes, using a small piece of clinical tape if required PC4. Attach identification labels/wrist bands according to local guidelines and organisational policy PC5. Dress the patient in a gown/shroud or own clothes, as required PC6. Place an incontinence pad underneath to contain any soiling PC7. Place the body in the bag as per instructions, post completing any necessary documentation by nurse/physician PC8. If a body bag is not to be used, enclose the body in a sheet, securing it with adhesive tape 	
Knowledge and Under		
A. Organisational Context (Knowledge of the Healthcare provider/ Organisation and its processes)	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: KA4. Follow relevant protocols, good practices, standards, policies and procedures KA5. Use equipment and techniques correctly to avoid inconvenience	
B. Technical Knowledge	 The user/individual on the job needs to: KB1. Put on Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) i.e. gloves, plastic apron and surgical mask if required KB2. Remove all clothing, cover with a sheet and wash patient, dress in gown, or their own nightwear or clothing as per patient/ relatives wishes KB3. Place arms by their sides 	









HSS/ N 5115:

Carry out last office (Death care)

	KB4. Wrap the patient carefully in a sheet and fasten with tape
Skills	
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills
Generic Skills	
	Not Applicable
	Νοι Αρμιταδίε
	Reading Skills
	Not Applicable
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)
	Not Applicable
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making
	Not applicable
	Plan and Organise
	Not applicable
	Patient Centricity
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB1. Honour the spritual and cultural wishes of the deceased person and their family
	SB2. Ensure that the privacy and dignity of the deceased person is maintained Problem Solving
	Not Applicable
	Analytical Thinking
	Not Applicable
	Critical Thinking
	Not Applicable









HSS/ N 5115:

Carry out last office (Death care)

NOS Code	HSS/ N 5115		
Credits(NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
Occupation	General Duty Assistant	Next review date	22/12/16











Act within the limits of one's competence and authority

National Occupational Standards



Overview

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding, skills required of an Allied Health Professional to recognise the boundaries of the role and responsibilities and working within the level of competence in accordance with legislation, protocols and guidelines









Act within the limits of one's competence and authority

Unit Code	HSS/ N 9603
Unit Title (Task)	Act within the limits of one's competence and authority
Description	This OS unit is about recognising the boundaries of the role and responsibilities and working within the level of competence in accordance with legislation, protocols and guidelines This is applicable to all Allied Health Professionals working in an organised, regulated environment
Scope	 This unit/task covers the following: Acting within the limit of one's competence and authority; Knowing one's job role Knowing one's job responsibility Recognising the job role and responsibilities of co workers
	Reference : 'This National Occupational Standard is from the UK Skills for Health suite [SFHGEN63, Act within the limits of your competence and authority] It has been tailored to apply to healthcare in India and has been reproduced with their permission'.
Performance Criteria (PC) wrt The Scope
Element	Performance Criteria
	 To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Adhere to legislation, protocols and guidelines relevant to one's role and field of practice PC2. Work within organisational systems and requirements as appropriate to one's role PC3. Recognise the boundary of one's role and responsibility and seek supervision when situations are beyond one's competence and authority PC4. Maintain competence within one's role and field of practice PC5. Use relevant research based protocols and guidelines as evidence to inform one's practice PC6. Promote and demonstrate good practice as an individual and as a team member at all times PC7. Identify and manage potential and actual risks to the quality and safety of practice PC8. Evaluate and reflect on the quality of one's work and make continuing improvements
Knowledge and Under	standing (K)
A. Organisational Context (Knowledge of the	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. The relevant legislation, standards, policies, and procedures followed in the









Act within the limits of one's competence and authority

Healthcare	
ricultillare	organisation
provider/ KA	A2. The medical procedures and functioning of required medical equipment
-	A3. Role and importance of assisting other healthcare providers in delivering care
its processes)	
its processes,	
B. Technical Th	he user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
Knowledge	
_	B1. The boundaries of one's role and responsibilities and other team members
	B2. The reasons for working within the limits of one's competence and authority
	B3. The importance of personally promoting and demonstrating good practice
	iB4. The legislation, protocols and guidelines effecting one's work
	B5. The organisational systems and requirements relevant to one's role
	B6. The sources of information that can be accessed to maintain an awareness of
1 Alexandre	research and developments in one's area of work
K	B7. The difference between direct and indirect supervision and autonomous
	practice, and which combination is most applicable in different circumstances
K	B8. The risks to quality and safety arising from:
	• Working outside the boundaries of competence and authority
	 Not keeping up to date with best practice
	 Poor communication
	 Insufficient support
	 Lack of resources
K	B9. The importance of individual or team compliance with legislation, protocols,
	and guidelines and organisational systems and requirements
K	B10. How to Report and minimise risks
K	B11. The principle of meeting the organisation's needs, and how this should enable
	one to recognise one's own limitations and when one should seek support from
	others
ĸ	B12. The processes by which improvements to protocols/guidelines and
	organisational systems/ requirements should be reported
K	B13. The procedure for accessing training, learning and development needs for
	oneself and/or others within one's organisation
K	B14. The actions that can be taken to ensure a current, clear and accurate
	understanding of roles and responsibilities is maintained, and how this affects
	the way one work as an individual or part of a team
Skills (S)	
A. Core Skills W	Vriting Skills
/Generic Skills Th	he user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
S	A1. Document reports, task lists, and schedules
	A2. Prepare status and progress reports
	A3. Record daily activities
	A4. Update other co-workers
	- p









Act within the limits of one's competence and authority

	Reading Skills		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA5. Read about changes in legislations and organisational policies		
	SA6. Keep updated with the latest knowledge		
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA7. Discuss task lists, schedules, and work-loads with co-workers		
	SA8. Give clear instructions to patients and co-workers		
	SA9. Keep patient informed about progress		
	SA10. Avoid using jargon, slang or acronyms when communicating with a patient		
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB1. Make decisions pertaining to the concerned area of work in relation to job role		
	Plan and Organise		
	Not applicable		
	Patient Centricity		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB2. Communicate effectively with patients and their family, physicians, and other		
	members of the health care team		
	SB3. Be responsive and listen empathetically to establish rapport in a way that		
	promotes openness on issues of concern		
	SB4. Be sensitive to potential cultural differences		
	SB5. Maintain patient confidentiality		
	SB6. Respect the rights of the patient(s)		
	Problem Solving		
	Not applicable		
	Analytical Thinking		
	Not applicable		
	Critical Thinking		
	Not applicable		









Act within the limits of one's competence and authority

NOS Code	HSS/ N 9603		
Credits(NSQF)	TBDVersion number1.0		1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
		Next review date	22/12/16











Work effectively with others

National Occupational Standards



Overview

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding, skills required of an Allied Health Professional to work effectively with other people and integrate one's work with the work of other people









Work effectively with others

Unit Code	HSS/ N 9604
Unit Title (Task)	Work effectively with others
Description	This OS unit is about working effectively with other people who can be part of the immediate team, organisation or external to the team or organisation This OS unit applies to all Allied health professionals working in a team or collaborative environment
Scope	 This unit covers the following: Working with other people to meet requirements, Sharing information with others to enable efficient delivery of work, Communicating with other team members and people internal or external to the organisation
Performance Criteria	(PC) wrt The Scope
Element	Performance Criteria
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:
	 PC1. Communicate with other people clearly and effectively PC2. Integrate one's work with other people's work effectively PC3. Pass on essential information to other people on timely basis PC4. Work in a way that shows respect for other people PC5. Carry out any commitments made to other people PC6. Reason out the failure to fulfill commitment
	 PC7. Identify any problems with team members and other people and take the initiative to solve these problems PC8. Follow the organisation's policies and procedures
Knowledge and Unde	erstanding (K)
A. Organisational Context (Knowledge of the Healthcare provider/ Organisation and its processes)	 To be competent the user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. The people who make up the team and how they fit into the work of the organisation KA2. The responsibilities of the team and their importance to the organisation KA3. The business, mission, and objectives of the organisation KA4. Effective working relationships with the people external to the team, with which the individual works on a regular basis KA5. Procedures in the organisation to deal with conflict and poor working relationships
B. Technical Knowledge	 To be competent the user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. The importance of communicating clearly and effectively with other people and how to do so face-to-face, by telephone and in writing KB2. The essential information that needs to be shared with other people KB3. The importance of effective working relationships and how these can contribute towards effective working relationships on a day-to-day basis









National Occupational Standards

HSS/ N 9604:	Work effectively with others
	 KB4. The importance of integrating ones work effectively with others KB5. The types of working relationships that help people to work well together and the types of relationships that need to be avoided KB6. The types of opportunities an individual may seek out to improve relationships with others KB7. How to deal with difficult working relationships with other people to sort out problems
Skills (S)	
A. Core Skills / Generic Skills	Writing Skills To be competent, the user / individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	 SA1. Communicate essential information in writing SA2. Write effective communications to share information with the team members and other people outside the team Reading Skills
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA3. Read and understand essential information
	Oral Communication (Listening and speaking skills) To be competent, the user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA4. Communicate essential information to colleagues face-to-face or through telecommunications SA5. Question others appropriately in order to understand the nature of the request or compliant
B. Professional Skills	Decision MakingTo be competent, the user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how
	to: SB1. Make decisions pertaining to work
	Plan and OrganiseTo be competent, the user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB2. Plan and organise files and documents
	Patient Centricity





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HSS/ N 9604:

Work effectively with others

to:
to:
SB3. Communicate effectively with patients and their family, physicians, and other members of the health care team
SB4. Be capable of being responsive, listen empathetically to establish rapport in a way that promotes openness on issues of concern
SB5. Be sensitive to potential cultural differences
SB6. Maintain patient confidentiality
SB7. Respect the rights of the patient(s)
Problem Solving
To be competent, the user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
SB8. Identify problems while working with others and devise effective solutions
Analytical Thinking
Not applicable
Critical Thinking
Not Applicable









Work effectively with others

NOS Code	HSS/ N 9604		
Credits(NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
		Next review date	22/12/16











Manage work to meet requirements

National Occupational Standards



Overview

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding, skills required of an Allied Health professional to plan and organise work to meet requirements.









Manage work to meet requirements

Unit Code	HSS/ N 9605
Unit Title (Task)	Manage work to meet requirements
Description	This OS unit is about planning and organising work and developing oneself further in the organisation This unit applies to all Allied Health professionals
Scope	 This unit covers the following: Establishing and managing requirements, Planning and organising work, Ensuring accomplishment of the requirements
Performance Criteria (PC) wrt The Scope
Element	Performance Criteria
Knowledge and Under	To be competent, the user/ individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Clearly establish, agree, and record the work requirements PC2. Utilise time effectively PC3. Ensure his/her work meets the agreed requirements PC4. Treat confidential information correctly PC5. Work in line with the organisation's procedures and policies and within the limits of his/her job role standing (K)
A. Organisational Context (Knowledge of the Healthcare provider/ Organisation and its processes)	To be competent, the user / individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. The relevant policies and procedures of the organisation KA2. The information that is considered confidential to the organisation KA3. The scope of work of the role
B. Technical Knowledge	 To be competent, the user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. The importance of asking the appropriate individual for help when required KB2. The importance of planning, prioritising and organising work KB3. The importance of clearly establishing work requirement KB4. The importance of being flexible in changing priorities when the importance and urgency comes into play KB5. How to make efficient use of time, and to avoid things that may prevent work deliverables from being expedited KB6. The importance of keeping the work area clean and tidy KB7. Areas of work that are not a priority and why it is necessary to keep one's effort in that direction to a minimum



NOS National Occupational Standards





HSS/ N 9605:

Manage work to meet requirements

	KB8. To change work plans when necessary		
	KB9. The importance of confidentiality		
	KB10. The importance in completing work on time		
Skills (S)			
A. Core Skills			
/Generic Skills	To be competent, the user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how		
	to:		
	SA1. Report progress and results		
	SA2. Record problems and resolutions		
	Reading Skills		
	To be competent, the user / individual on the job needs to know and understand how		
	to:		
	SA3. Read organisational policies and procedures		
	SA4. Read work related documents and information shared by different sources		
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)		
	To be competent, the user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how		
	to:		
	SA5. Report progress and results SA6. Interact with other individuals		
	SA7. Negotiate requirements and revised agreements for delivering them		
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making		
D. FIOLESSIONAL SKIIIS			
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how		
	to:		
	CD1 Make desisions portaining to the work		
	SB1. Make decisions pertaining to the work Plan and Organise		
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how		
	to:		
	SB2. Plan and organise files and documents		
	Patient Centricity		
	To be competent, the user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how		
	to:		
	SB3. Communicate effectively with patients and their family, physicians, and other		
	members of the health care team		
	SB4. Be sensitive to potential cultural differences		
	SB5. Maintain patient confidentiality		
	SB6. Respect the rights of the patient(s)		
	Problem Solving		









Manage work to meet requirements

	To be competent, the user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how		
	to:		
	SB7. Understand problems and suggest an optimum solution after evaluating		
	possible solutions		
	Analytical Thinking		
	Not applicable		
	Critical Thinking		
	Not applicable		











Manage work to meet requirements

NOS Code	HSS/ N 9605		
Credits(NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
		Next review date	22/12/16











Maintain a safe, healthy, and secure working environment

National Occupational Standards



Overview

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding, skills required of an Allied Health Professional to monitor the working environment, and making sure it meets health, safety and security requirements.









Maintain a safe, healthy, and secure working environment

/	Unit Code	HSS/ N 9606
	Unit Title (Task)	Maintain a safe, healthy, and secure working environment
	Description	This OS unit is about monitoring the working environment and ensuring a safe, healthy, secure and effective working conditions This OS unit applies to all Allied Health professionals working within an organised workplace
	Scope	 This unit covers the following: Complying the health, safety and security requirements and procedures for workplace, Handling any hazardous situation with safely, competently and within the limits of authority, Reporting any hazardous situation and breach in procedures to ensure a safe, healthy, secure working environment
	Performance Criteria (F	PC) wrt The Scope
	Element	Performance Criteria
		To be competent, the user/ individual on the job must be able to:
		 PC1. Identify individual responsibilities in relation to maintaining workplace health safety and security requirements PC2. Comply with health, safety and security procedures for the workplace PC3. Report any identified breaches in health, safety, and security procedures to the designated person PC4. Identify potential hazards and breaches of safe work practices PC5. Correct any hazards that individual can deal with safely, competently and within the limits of authority PC6. Promptly and accurately report the hazards that individual is not allowed to deal with, to the relevant person and warn other people who may get affected PC7. Follow the organisation's emergency procedures promptly, calmly, and efficiently PC8. Identify and recommend opportunities for improving health, safety, and security to the designated person PC9. Complete any health and safety records legibly and accurately
Knowledge and Understanding (K)A. OrganisationalTo be competent, the user/ individual on the user individual on the u		tanding (K) To be competent, the user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand:
	Context (Knowledge of the Healthcare provider/ Organisation and its processes)	 KA1. The importance of health, safety, and security in the workplace KA2. The basic requirements of the health and safety and other legislations and regulations that apply to the workplace KA3. The person(s) responsible for maintaining healthy, safe, and secure workplace KA4. The relevant up-to-date information on health, safety, and security that applies to the workplace KA5. How to report the hazard KA6. The responsibilities of individual to maintain safe, healthy and secure workplace









National Occupational Standards

HSS/ N 9606: N	Maintain a safe, healthy, and secure working environment			
B. Technical Knowledge	To be competent, the user / individual on the job needs to know and understand:			
	KB1. Requirements of health, safety and security in workplace			
	KB2. How to create safety records and maintaining them			
	KB3. The importance of being alert to health, safety, and security hazards in the work environment			
	KB4. The common health, safety, and security hazards that affect people working in an administrative role			
	KB5. How to identify health, safety, and security hazards			
	KB6. The importance of warning others about hazards and how to do so until the			
	hazard is dealt with			
Skills (S)				
A. Generic Skills	Writing Skills			
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how			
	to:			
	SA1. Report and record incidents			
	Reading Skills			
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how			
	to:			
	SA2. Read and understand company policies and procedures			
	Oral Communication (Listening and speaking skills)			
	To be competent, the user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SA3. Clearly report hazards and incidents with the appropriate level of urgency			
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making			
	To be competent, the user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how			
	to:			
	SP1 Make decisions portaining to the area of work			
	SB1. Make decisions pertaining to the area of work Plan and Organise			
	To be competent, the user / individual on the job needs to know and understand how			
	to:			
	SB2. Plan for safety of the work environment			
	Patient Centricity			
	To be competent, the user / individual on the job needs to know and understand:			
	SB3. Communicate effectively with patients and their family, physicians, and other			
	members of the health care team			
	SB4. Be capable of being responsive, listen empathetically to establish rapport in a			









Maintain a safe, healthy, and secure working environment

	way that promotes openness on issues of concern
SB5.	Be sensitive to potential cultural differences
SB6.	Maintain patient confidentiality
SB7.	Respect the rights of the patient(s)
Probl	em Solving
To be	competent, the user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how
to:	
SB8.	Identify hazards, evaluate possible solutions and suggest effective solutions
Analy	rtical Thinking
To be	competent, the user needs to know and understand how to:
SB9.	Analyse the seriousness of hazards
Critic	al Thinking
	competent, the user needs to know and understand how to:
SB10	. Analyse, evaluate and apply the information gathered from observation,
	experience, reasoning, or communication to act efficiently











Maintain a safe, healthy, and secure working environment

NOS Code	HSS/ N 9606		
Credits(NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
		Next review date	22/12/16









Practice code of conduct while performing duties

National Occupational Standards



Overview

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding and skills required of an Allied Health professional to practice code of conduct setup by the healthcare provider









Practice code of conduct while performing duties

Unit Code	Jnit Code HSS/ N 9607		
Unit Title (Task)	Practice code of conduct while performing duties		
Description	This OS unit is about following the rules, regulations and the code of conduct setup by the healthcare provider The Allied health professional must adhere to the protocols and guidelines relevant to the field and practice This OS unit applies to all Allied health professionals working in an organised environment and to whom specific regulations and codes of conduct apply		
Scope	 This unit covers the following: Recognising the guidelines and protocols relevant to the field and practice. Following the code of conduct as described by the healthcare provider. Demonstrating best practices while on the field. 		
Performance Criteria (I	PC) wrt The Scope		
Element	Performance Criteria		
	 To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Adhere to protocols and guidelines relevant to the role and field of practice PC2. Work within organisational systems and requirements as appropriate to the role PC3. Recognise the boundary of the role and responsibility and seek supervision when situations are beyond the competence and authority PC4. Maintain competence within the role and field of practice PC5. Use protocols and guidelines relevant to the field of practice PC6. Promote and demonstrate good practice as an individual and as a team member at all times PC7. Identify and manage potential and actual risks to the quality and patient safety PC8. Maintain personal hygiene and contribute actively to the healthcare ecosystem 		
Knowledge and Unders	standing (K)		
A. Organisational Context (Knowledge of the Healthcare provider/ Organisation and its processes)	 To be competent, the user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. Relevant legislation, standards, policies, and procedures followed in the hospital KA2. How to engage and interact with other providers in order to deliver quality and maintain continued care KA3. Personal hygiene measures and handling techniques 		
B. Technical Knowledge	 To be competent, the user / individual on the job needs to know and understand: KB1. The limitations and scope of the role and responsibilities along with an understanding of roles and responsibilities of others KB2. The importance of working within the limits of one's competence and authority 		









Practice code of conduct while performing duties

 KB3. The detrimental effects of non-compliance KB4. The importance of personal hygiene KB5. The importance of intercommunication skills KB6. The legislation, protocols and guidelines related to the role KB7. The organisational systems and requirements relevant to the role KB8. The sources of information and literature to maintain a constant access to upcoming research and changes in the field KB9. The difference between direct and indirect supervision and autonomous practice, and which combination is most applicable in different circumstances KB10. Implications to quality and safety arising from: Working outside the boundaries of competence and authority not keeping up to date with best practice
 poor communication insufficient support lack of resources KB11. The organisational structure and the various processes related to reporting and monitoring KB12. The procedure for accessing training, learning and development needs
Writing Skills To be competent, the user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. Document reports, task lists, and schedules with co-workers SA2. Prepare status and progress reports related to patient care SA3. Update the physician and the other co-workers
Reading Skills
To be competent, the user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA4. Read about procedures, regulations and guidelines related to the organisation
and the profession SA5. Keep updated with the latest knowledge by reading internal communications and legal framework changes related to roles and responsibilities
Oral Communication (Listening and speaking skills) To be competent, the user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA6. Interact with patients SA7. Give clear instructions to patients, patients relatives and other healthcare providers SA8. Avoid using jargon, slang or acronyms, while communicating with a patient







Practice code of conduct while performing duties

B. Professional Skills	Decision Making		
	To be competent, the user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how		
	to:		
	SB1. Make decisions based on applicable regulations and codes of conduct when		
	possible conflicts arise		
	SB2. Act decisively by balancing protocols and work at hand		
	Plan and Organise		
	Not applicable		
	Patient Centricity		
	To be competent, the user / individual on the job needs to know and understand how		
	to:		
	SB3. Communicate effectively with patients and their family, physicians, and other		
	members of the health care team		
	SB4. Maintain patient confidentiality		
	SB5. Respect the rights of the patient(s)		
	SB6. Respond patients' queries and concerns		
	SB7. Maintain personal hygiene to enhance patient safety		
	Problem Solving		
	Not applicable		
	Analytical Thinking		
	Not applicable		
	Critical Thinking		
	Not applicable		
	C		







Practice code of conduct while performing duties

NOS Code	HSS/ N 9606		
Credits(NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
		Next review date	22/12/16











Follow biomedical waste disposal protocols

National Occupational Standards



Overview

This Occupational Standard describes the knowledge, understanding and skills required of an Allied Health professional to manage biomedical waste









Follow biomedical waste disposal protocols

Un	nit Code	HSS/ N 9609	
	nit Title ask)	low biomedical waste disposal protocols	
De	escription	This OS unit is about the safe handling and management of health care waste. This unit applies to all Allied Health professionals.	
Sco	оре	 This unit/task covers the following: Classification of the Waste Generated, Segregation of Biomedical Waste, Proper collection and storage of Waste 	
		Reference : 'The content of this National Occupational Standard is drawn from the UK Skills for Health NOS [SFHCHS212 Disposal of clinical and non-clinical waste within healthcare and SFHCHS213 Implement an audit trail for managing waste within healthcare]'	
Ре	rformance Criteria ((PC) w.r.t. the Scope	
Element Performance Criteria			
		 To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. Follow the appropriate procedures, policies and protocols for the method of collection and containment level according to the waste type PC2. Apply appropriate health and safety measures and standard precautions for infection prevention and control and personal protective equipment relevant to the type and category of waste PC3. Segregate the waste material from work areas in line with current legislation and organisational requirements 	
		 PC4. Segregation should happen at source with proper containment, by using different color coded bins for different categories of waste PC5. Check the accuracy of the labelling that identifies the type and content of waste 	
		PC6. Confirm suitability of containers for any required course of action appropriate to the type of waste disposal	
		PC7. Check the waste has undergone the required processes to make it safe for transport and disposal	
		PC8. Transport the waste to the disposal site, taking into consideration its associated risks	
		PC9. Report and deal with spillages and contamination in accordance with current legislation and procedures	
		PC10. Maintain full, accurate and legible records of information and store in correct location in line with current legislation, guidelines, local policies and protocols	
	owledge and Under	rstanding (K)	
Kn		The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:	









Follow biomedical waste disposal protocols

(Knowledge of the	regulations that apply to the organisation
Healthcare	KA2. Person(s) responsible for health, safety, and security in the organisation
provider/	KA3. Relevant up-to-date information on health, safety, and security that applies to
Organisation and	the organisation
U	KA4. Organisation's emergency procedures and responsibilities for handling
its processes)	hazardous situations
B. Technical	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
Knowledge	
	KB1. How to categorise waste according to national, local and organisational guidelines
	KB2. The appropriate approved disposal routes for waste
	KB3. The appropriate containment or dismantling requirements for waste and
	how to make the waste safe for disposal
	KB4. The importance to adhere to the organisational and national waste
	management principles and procedures KB5. The hazards and risks associated with the disposal and the importance of risk
	KB5. The hazards and risks associated with the disposal and the importance of risk assessments and how to provide these
	KB6. The personal protective equipment required to manage the different types
	of waste generated by different work activities
	KB7. The importance of working in a safe manner when carrying out procedures
	for biomedical waste management in line with local and national policies and
	legislation
	KB8. The required actions and reporting procedures for any accidents, spillages
	and contamination involving waste
	KB9. The requirements of the relevant external agencies involved in the transport
	and receipt of your waste
	KB10. The importance of segregating different types of waste and how to do this
	KB11. The safe methods of storage and maintaining security of waste and the permitted accumulation times
	KB12. The methods for transporting and monitoring waste disposal and the
	appropriateness of each method to a given scenario
	KB13. How to report any problems or delays in waste collection and where to seek advice and guidance
	KB14. The importance of the organisation monitoring and obtaining an assessment
	of the impact the waste has on the environment
	KB15. The current national legislation, guidelines, local policies and protocols
	which affect work practice
	KB16. The policies and guidance that clarify scope of practice, accountabilities and
	the working relationship between yourself and others
Skills (S)	
A. Core Skills/	Writing Skills
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA1. Report and record incidents
	Reading Skills









National Occupational Standards

HSS/ N 9609:	Follow biomedical waste disposal protocols
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA2. Read and understand company policies and procedures for managing biomedical waste
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA3. Report hazards and incidents clearly with the appropriate level of urgency
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB1. Make decisions pertaining to the area of work
	SB2. Exhibit commitment to the organisation and exert effort and perseverance
	Plan and Organise
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB3. Organise files and documents
	SB4. Plan for safety of the work environment
	SB5. Recommend and implement plan of action
	Patient Centricity
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
	SB6. How to make exceptional effort to keep the environment and work place clean
	Problem Solving
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB7. Identify hazards and suggest effective solutions to identified problems of
	waste management
	Analytical Thinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB8. Analyse the seriousness of hazards and proper waste management
	Critical Thinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB9. Evaluate opportunities to improve health, safety and securitySB10. Show understanding and empathy for others
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Follow biomedical waste disposal protocols

NOS Code	HSS/ N 9609		
Credits(NSQF)	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Health	Drafted on	12/05/13
Industry Sub-sector	Allied Health and Paramedics	Last reviewed on	22/05/13
		Next review date	22/12/16







CRITERIA FOR ASSESSMENT OF TRAINEES

Job Role	General Duty Assistant
Qualification Pack	
<u>Code</u>	HSS/Q5101
Sector Skill Council	Healthcare Sector Skill Council

Guidelines for Assessment

1. Criteria for assessment for each Qualification Pack will be created by the Sector Skill Council. Each Performance Criteria (PC) will be assigned marks proportional to its importance in NOS. SSC will also lay down proportion of marks for Theory and Skills Practical for each PC

2. The assessment for the theory part will be based on knowledge bank of questions created by the SSC

3. Individual assessment agencies will create unique question papers for theory part for each candidate at each examination/training center (as per assessment criteria below)

4. Individual assessment agencies will create unique evaluations for skill practical for every student at each examination/training center based on this criteria

5. To pass the Qualification Pack, every trainee should score as per assessment grid.

6. In case of successfully passing only certain number of NOS's, the trainee is eligible to take subsequent assessment on the balance NOS's to pass the Qualification Pack

Skills Practical and Viva (80% weightage)				
	Marks Allotted			
Grand Total-1 (Subject Domain)	400			
Grand Total-2 (Soft Skills and communication)	100			
Grand Total-(Skills Practical and Viva)	500			
Passing Marks (70% of Max. Marks)	350			
Theory (20% weightage)				
	Marks Alloted			
Grand Total-1 (Subject Domain)	80			
Grand Total-2 (Soft Skills and Comunication)	20			
Grand Total-(Theory)	100			
Passing Marks (50% of Max. Marks)	50			




Grand Total-(Skills Practical and Viva + Theory)			600 Criteria is to pass in both theory and practical individually. If fail in any one of them, then candidate is fail			
	Overall Result Detailed Break Up of Marks					
			Skills	Practical &	& Viva	
Subject Domain		Pick	-	NOS each c otalling 40	of 200 marks 0	
National Occupational		Total Out	Out	Marks	Allocation	
Standards (NOS)	Performance Criteria (PC)	Marks (400)		Viva	Skills Practical	
1. HSS/ N 5101 (Assist nurse in bathing the	ssist nurse in thing theencourage patient do as much as possible to promote independence	10	0	10		
patient)	PC2.Identify the type of bath that is best suited as per the guidelines, based on the patient condition and comfort	200	50	10	40	
	PC3.Check water temperature before patient checks in		10	2	8	
	PC4.Follow standards precautions when performing perennial care or when bathing a patient with skin lesion and rashes		50	10	40	
	PC5. Dry patient skin by patting with a towel which decreases friction and prevents skin breakdown		4	0	4	
	PC6. Never leave a patient unattended in bath room		4	2	2	
	PC7. Wash from cleanest to dirtiest		10	2	8	
	PC8. Observe and report unusual findings to the nurse		20	2	18	
	PC9. Offer patient back rub after bathing and at bed time to stimulate circulation and relieve stress		10	10	0	
	PC10. Apply lotion to dry skin if requested		2	2	0	
	PC11. Clean tub shower chair before and after each use		20	10	10	
	PC12. Always check each patients skin after bathing		10	10	0	
	Total		200	60	140	





2. HSS/ N 5102 (Assist nurse in grooming the	PC1. Maintain the patient's privacy and encourage patient do as much as possible to promote independence		10	0	10
patient)	PC2. Show patient how they look after the grooming task is finished		20	0	20
	PC3. Use standard precautions and protocols for shaving and cutting nails	200	50	10	40
	PC4. Perform duties gently to avoid injuries especially during shaving, brushing and hair styling	200	50	10	40
	PC5. Rinse toothpaste thoroughly from the mouth after brushing		40	5	35
	PC6. Store dentures in cool water with patients name to avoid confusion		30	5	25
	Total		200	30	170
3.HSS/ N 5103 (Assist patient in dressing)	PC1. Maintain the patient privacy and encourage patient do as much as possible to promote independence	200	40	10	30
	PC2. Fasten the clothing with elastic fasteners and ensure that the footwear fits correctly		160	20	140
	Total	200	30	170	
4. HSS/ N 5104 (Support	PC1. Make the patient comfortable and encourage eating as recommended		5	0	5
individuals to eat and drink)	PC2. Check menu card to verify the diet, restrictions, likes and dislikes of the patient		30	5	25
	PC3. Feed through spoon		5	2	3
	PC4. Assist in elimination and oral care prior to feeding		30	5	25
	PC5. Wash hands and mouth after feeding		30	5	25
	PC6. Measure input and record them		30	5	25
	PC7. During feeding observe and ensure that:	200			
	a. Elimination process is completed before feeding		10		
	b. Oral care and grooming is performed before feeding		10	12	28
	c. The patient is comfortable when being fed		10	12	28
	d. The food provided is according to the dietary prescription of the prescribing physician or dietician		10		
	PC8. Patient is not having symptoms of distress like coughing and regurgitation		30	6	24
	Total		200	40	160







5. HSS/ N 5105	PC1. Promptly respond to patients elimination		4	0	4
(Assist patient	needs		4	0	4
in maintaining normal elimination)	PC2. Assist a mobile patient in moving to the toilet and provide support like giving toilet paper if required or stabilise the commode		50	10	40
	PC3. Wipe the patient and wash hands to prevent infection		50	10	40
	PC4. Use equipment correctly to prevent discomfort or injury	200	50	10	40
	PC5. Ensure/Maintain patients privacy at all times during the procedure		6	0	6
	PC6. Record changes in colour or texture of the elimination and report usual findings immediately		40	5	35
	Total		200	35	165
6. HSS/ N 5106 (Transferring	PC1. Use the equipment for transferring the patients correctly to avoid falls or injuries		10	2	8
patient within the hospital)	PC2. Ensure that the correct patient is being moved or wheeled out		10	2	8
	PC3. Understand patient's condition and estimate if additional help is required	200	30	5	25
	PC4. Transport the patient without causing trauma or injury		60	20	40
	PC5. Use proper body mechanics for transferring the patient		60	20	40
	PC6. Focus on safety first and ensure that the patient is comfortable		30	5	25
	Total		200	54	146
7.HSS/ N 5108 (Prevent and	PC1. Know all procedures required for infection control		30	30	0
control	PC2. Follow standard precautions		50	10	40
infection)	PC3. Be aware of rules to dispose of biomedical waste and sharps		50	20	30
	PC4. Follow high level of personal hygiene		20	2	18
	PC5. Practice medical asepsis		20	2	18
	PC6. Follow infection control procedures and should ensure that:	200			
	o All standard precautions and procedures are followed		10		
	o Protective gears are used while getting in contact with the patient		10	6	24
	o Consider all blood, body fluids and excreta contaminated		10		





	Total		200	70	130
	Total		200	70	130
8. HSS/ N 5109 (Assist nurse in performing	PC1. Perform key procedures like inducing enema, prepare patient for being moved to the operation theatre	200	120	20	100
procedures as instructed in the	PC2. Operate the equipment used to perform the procedure		80	20	60
care plan)	Total		200	40	160
9. HSS/ N 5110 (Assist nurse in	PC1. Observe colour changes like bluish or yellowish discoloration of the skin		50	20	30
observing and reporting	PC2. Observe changes in odour or consistency of urine and stools	200	50	20	30
changes in patient condition)	PC3. Communicate the observations in an appropriate language and construct	200	50	20	30
	PC4. Differentiate between immediate and routine reporting requirements		50	20	30
	Total		200	80	120
10. HSS/ N 5113 (Clean medical	PC1. Handle equipment safely or seek the help of nurse		40	10	30
equipment under	PC2. Use appropriate protective clothing and equipment when cleaning equipment		40	10	30
supervision of nurse)	PC3. Clean and maintain equipment according to manufacturer's instructions, any legal requirements and work setting procedures	200	40	10	30
	PC4. Report to appropriate people/nurse about the equipment that are unsuitable for use		40	10	30
	PC5. Dispose of any waste safely and according to legal requirements and organisation protocol		40	10	30
	Total		200	50	150
11. HSS/ N 5111 (Assist nurse in	PC1. Assist nurse in calibrating the scales and following manufacturer's guidelines		30	25	5
measuring patient	PC2. Use different types of scales including manual, digital, standard, chair and bed scales	200	60	20	40
parameters accurately)	PC3. Ensure that patient is comfortable and positioned correctly		60	20	40
	PC4. Ensure patient safety to prevent a fall or an injury		50	10	40
	Total		200	75	125
12. HSS/ N 5114 (Transport patient	2. HSS/ N 5114 PC1. Perform effective hand hygiene and use personal protective equipment in accordance 200				40





6	Grand Total-1 (Subject Domain)			400	Grand Total-1 (Subject Domain) 400							
	Total		200	55	145							
	the body in a sheet, securing it with adhesive tape		30	10	20							
	PC8. If a body bag is not to be used, enclose		20	10	20							
	instructions, post completing any necessary documentation by nurse/physician		30	10	20							
	contain any soiling PC7. Place the body in the bag as per											
	PC6. Place an incontinence pad underneath to		30	0	30							
	PC5. Dress the patient in a gown/shroud or own clothes, as required		30	0	30							
	PC4. Attach identification labels/wrist bands according to local guidelines and organisational policy	200	30	10	20							
	PC3. Attempt to close the eyes, using a small piece of clinical tape if required		10	2	8							
	PC2. Attend to hygiene needs, paying particular attention to hair, nail care and oral hygiene		20	3	17							
13. HSS/ N 5115 [Carry out last office (Death care)]	PC1. Remove jewellery and any personal items, unless requested or advised otherwise. Ensure that appropriate records are made of any personal items left on the body or otherwise.		20	20	0							
12 UCC/N 5115	Total		200	50	150							
	PC6. Ensure that all documents and drugs are handed over carefully		30	5	25							
	PC5. Hand over the patient documents and drugs to the concerned person		30	5	25							
	PC4. Collect and transport clean linen avoiding cross contamination with used linen and use a trolley or vehicle specifically designated for the delivery of clean linen		50	10	40							
manage changing and transporting laundry/ linen on the floor)	PC3. Ensure that trolleys or vehicles are cleaned, with or without disinfection, and check that they are in good working order before use, isolating and reporting any that are not		20	10	10							
samples, drugs, patient documents and	PC2. Ensure linen receptacles that have not been filled or secured correctly in line with local policy are not collected or transported		20	10	10							







	Soft Skills and Communication	Pick one field from part 1 randomly and pick one field from part 2 as per NOS of subject domain picked each carrying 50 marks totalling 100			
National Occupational		Total	Out Walks Allocat		s Allocation
Standards (NOS)	Performance Criteria (PC)	Marks (100)	Of	Viva	Observation/ Role Play

Part 1 (Pick one field randomly carrying 50 marks)

1. Communication & Proactiveness

HSS/ N 5107	PC1. Be a good listener		3	0	3
(Communicating	PC2. Speak clearly and slowly in a gentle tone		3	0	3
appropriately with co- workers)	PC3. Use the correct combination of verbal and non-verbal communication	25	3	0	3
workersy	PC4. Use language familiar to the listener	25	3	0	3
	PC5. Give facts and avoid opinions unless asked for		3	0	3
	PC6. Structure brief and logical messages		10	3	7
	Total		25	3	22
HSS/ N 5112	PC1. Promptly respond to call bell		5	2	3
(Respond to patient's call)	PC2. Communicate the medical needs to the nurse station without delay		8	3	5
	PC3. Courteously and sensitively meet patient needs	25	2	0	2
	PC4. Ensure that the patient is at ease or comfortable		2	0	2
	PC5. Quickly scan the patients surrounding and take appropriate action		8	4	4
	Total		25	9	16
Com	munication & Proactiveness Total	50	50	12	38
2. Attitude					
HSS/ N 9603 (Act within the limits of one's	PC1. Adhere to legislation, protocols and guidelines relevant to one's role and field of practice		2	0	2
competence and authority)	PC2. Work within organisational systems and requirements as appropriate to one's role	30	2	0	2
	PC3. Recognise the boundary of one's role and responsibility and seek supervision when situations are beyond one's competence and authority		8	4	4





	PC4. Maintain competence within one's role and field of practice		2	0	2
	PC5. Use relevant research based protocols and guidelines as evidence to inform one's practice		4	2	2
	PC6. Promote and demonstrate good practice as an individual and as a team member at all times		4	2	2
	PC7. Identify and manage potential and actual risks to the quality and safety of practice		4	2	2
	PC8. Evaluate and reflect on the quality of one's work and make continuing improvements		4	2	2
	Total		30	12	18
HSS/ N 9607 (Practice Code	PC1. Adhere to protocols and guidelines relevant to the role and field of practice		3	1	2
of conduct while performing	PC2. Work within organisational systems and requirements as appropriate to the role		3	1	2
duties)	PC3. Recognise the boundary of the role and responsibility and seek supervision when situations are beyond the competence and authority		3	1	2
	PC4. Maintain competence within the role and field of practice		1	0	1
	PC5. Use protocols and guidelines relevant to the field of practice	20	4	2	2
	PC6. Promote and demonstrate good practice as an individual and as a team member at all times		1	0	1
	PC7. Identify and manage potential and actual risks to the quality and patient safety		1	0	1
	PC8. Maintain personal hygiene and contribute actively to the healthcare ecosystem		4	2	2
	Total		20	7	13
	Attitude Total	50	50	19	31
3. Attiquete					
HSS/ N 9605 (Manage work	PC1. Clearly establish, agree, and record the work requirements		10	5	5
to meet	PC2. Utilise time effectively	25	3	0	3
requirements)	PC3. Ensure his/her work meets the agreed requirements	23	3	0	3
	PC4. Treat confidential information correctly		3	3	0



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	PC5. Work in line with the organisation's procedures and policies and within the limits of his/her job role		6	3	3
	Total		25	11	14
HSS/ N 5107	PC1. Be a good listener		3	0	3
(Communicating appropriately	PC2. Speak clearly and slowly in a gentle tone		3	0	3
with co- workers)	PC3. Use the correct combination of verbal and non-verbal communication	25	3	0	3
,	PC4. Use language familiar to the listener	25	3	0	3
	PC5. Give facts and avoid opinions unless asked for		3	0	3
	PC6. Structure brief and logical messages		10	3	7
	Total		25	3	22
	Attiquete Total	50	50	14	36

Part 2 (Pick one field as per NOS marked carrying 50 marks)

1. Team Work (Evaluate with NOS: HSS/N/5109, 5110, 5113)

HSS/ N 9604 (Work	PC1. Communicate with other people clearly and effectively		3	0	3
effectively with others)	PC2. Integrate one's work with other people's work effectively		3	0	3
	PC3. Pass on essential information to other people on timely basis		3	0	3
	PC4. Work in a way that shows respect for other people		3	0	3
	PC5. Carry out any commitments made to other people	50	6	6	0
	PC6. Reason out the failure to fulfil commitment		6	6	0
	PC7. Identify any problems with team members and other people and take the initiative to solve these problems		16	8	8
	PC8. Follow the organisation's policies and procedures		10	4	6
	Total		50	24	26
2. Safety manage	ement (Evaluate with NOS: HSS/N/5101, 5102, 5	103, 5104	, 5106	, 5111)	
HSS/ N 9606 (Maintain a safe, healthy, and secure working	PC1. Identify individual responsibilities in relation to maintaining workplace health safety and security requirements	50	6	2	4
	PC2. Comply with health, safety and security procedures for the workplace		4	0	4





environment)	PC3. Report any identified breaches in health, safety, and security procedures to the		4	3	1
	designated person		4	5	T
	PC4. Identify potential hazards and breaches		6	4	2
	of safe work practices		0	4	۷.
	PC5. Correct any hazards that individual can				_
	deal with safely, competently and within the		6	4	2
	limits of authority				
	PC6. Promptly and accurately report the hazards that individual is not allowed to deal				
	with, to the relevant person and warn other		6	4	2
	people who may get affected				
	PC7. Follow the organisation's emergency				
	procedures promptly, calmly, and efficiently		6	2	4
	PC8. Identify and recommend opportunities				
	for improving health, safety, and security to		6	4	2
	the designated person				
	PC9. Complete any health and safety records		6	2	4
	legibly and accurately		0	2	+
	Total		50	25	25
3. Waste Manag	ement (Evaluate with NOS: HSS/N/5105, 5108, 5	5114, 511	.5)		
HSS/ N 9609	PC1. Follow the appropriate procedures,				
(Follow	policies and protocols for the method of		6	2	4
biomedical	collection and containment level according to		0	2	4
waste disposal	the waste type				
protocols)	PC2. Apply appropriate health and safety				
	measures and standard precautions for				
	infection prevention and control and personal		8	4	4
	protective equipment relevant to the type and category of waste				
	PC3. Segregate the waste material from work				
	areas in line with current legislation and		4	0	4
	organisational requirements	50		Ū	•
	PC4. Segregation should happen at source	50			
	with proper containment, by using different				4
	colour coded bins for different categories of		8	4	4
	waste				
	PC5. Check the accuracy of the labelling that		4	2	2
	identifies the type and content of waste	ļ	4	<u>∠</u>	۷
	PC6. Confirm suitability of containers for any				
	required course of action appropriate to the	4	4	4 4	0
	type of waste disposal	_			
	PC7. Check the waste has undergone the		4	4	0
	no multiple de la constante de la la la confecta de la	1	1 .		5

required processes to make it safe for





	transp	ort and disposal				
		ransport the waste to the disposal site, into consideration its associated risks		4	4	0
	contar	eport and deal with spillages and nination in accordance with current tion and procedures		4	4	0
	PC10. record locatio	Maintain full, accurate and legible is of information and store in correct on in line with current legislation, ines, local policies and protocols		4	4	0
		Total		50	32	18
Grand	Fotal-2 (Soft Skills and Comunication)		-	100	
		Detailed Break Up of Marks				Theory
		Subject Domain				Pick all NOS totalling 80 marks
National Occupa Standards (No		Performance Criteria	a (PC)			Weightage
	 HSS/ N 5101 (Assist nurse in bathing the patient) PC1.Maintain the patient privacy and encourage patient do as much as possible to promote independence PC2.Identify the type of bath that is best suited as per the guidelines, based on the patient condition and comfort PC3.Check water temperature before patient checks in PC4.Follow standards precautions when performing perennial care or when bathing a patient with skin lesion and rashes PC5. Dry patient skin by patting with a towel which decreases friction and prevents skin breakdown PC6. Never leave a patient unattended in bath room PC7. Wash from cleanest to dirtiest PC8. Observe and report unusual findings to the nurse PC9. Offer patient back rub after bathing and at bed time to stimulate circulation and relieve stress PC10. Apply lotion to dry skin if requested PC1. Clean tub shower chair before and after each use 					
2. HSS/ N 5102 (A nurse in grooming		PC12. Always check each patients skin at PC1. Maintain the patient's privacy and much as possible to promote independe	encourag		ent do as	6





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patient)	PC2. Show patient how they look after the grooming task is finished PC3. Use standard precautions and protocols for shaving and cutting nails	
	PC4. Perform duties gently to avoid injuries especially during shaving, brushing and hair styling	
	PC5. Rinse toothpaste thoroughly from the mouth after brushing PC6. Store dentures in cool water with patients name to avoid confusion	
3.HSS/ N 5103 (Assist patient in dressing)	PC1. Maintain the patient privacy and encourage patient do as much as possible to promote independence	6
	PC2. Fasten the clothing with elastic fasteners and ensure that the footwear fits correctly	
4. HSS/ N 5104 (Support individuals to	PC1. Make the patient comfortable and encourage eating as recommended	
eat and drink)	PC2. Check menu card to verify the diet, restrictions, likes and dislikes of the patient	
	PC3. Feed through spoon	
	PC4. Assist in elimination and oral care prior to feeding	
	PC5. Wash hands and mouth after feeding	
	PC6. Measure input and record them	C
	PC7. During feeding observe and ensure that:	6
	a. Elimination process is completed before feeding	
	b. Oral care and grooming is performed before feeding	
	c. The patient is comfortable when being fed	
	d. The food provided is according to the dietary prescription of the prescribing physician or dietician	
	PC8. Patient is not having symptoms of distress like coughing and regurgitation	
5. HSS/ N 5105 (Assist patient in maintaining normal elimination)	PC1. Promptly respond to patients elimination needs PC2. Assist a mobile patient in moving to the toilet and provide support like giving toilet paper if required or stabilise the commode	
	PC3. Wipe the patient and wash hands to prevent infection	6
	PC4. Use equipment correctly to prevent discomfort or injury PC5. Ensure/Maintain patients privacy at all times during the procedure	
	PC6. Record changes in colour or texture of the elimination and report usual findings immediately	





6. HSS/ N 5106 (Transferring patient	PC1. Use the equipment for transferring the patients correctly to avoid falls or injuries	
within the hospital)	PC2. Ensure that the correct patient is being moved or wheeled out	
	PC3. Understand patient's condition and estimate if additional help is required	6
	PC4. Transport the patient without causing trauma or injury	
	PC5. Use proper body mechanics for transferring the patient	
	PC6. Focus on safety first and ensure that the patient is comfortable	
7.HSS/ N 5108 (Prevent	PC1. Know all procedures required for infection control	
and control infection)	PC2. Follow standard precautions	
	PC3. Be aware of rules to dispose of biomedical waste and sharps	
	PC4. Follow high level of personal hygiene	8
	PC5. Practice medical asepsis	
	PC6. Follow infection control procedures and should ensure that:	
	o All standard precautions and procedures are followed	
	o Protective gears are used while getting in contact with the	
	patient	
	o Consider all blood, body fluids and excreta contaminated	
8. HSS/ N 5109 (Assist	PC1. Perform key procedures like inducing enema, prepare	
nurse in performing procedures as	patient for being moved to the operation theatre	6
instructed in the care		0
plan)	PC2. Operate the equipment used to perform the procedure	
9. HSS/ N 5110 (Assist	PC1. Observe colour changes like bluish or yellowish	
nurse in observing and	discoloration of the skin	
reporting changes in	PC2. Observe changes in odour or consistency of urine and	
patient condition)	stools	c
	PC3. Communicate the observations in an appropriate language and construct	6
	PC4. Differentiate between immediate and routine reporting requirements	
10. HSS/ N 5113 (Clean	PC1. Handle equipment safely or seek the help of nurse	
medical equipment under supervision of	PC2. Use appropriate protective clothing and equipment when cleaning equipment	6
nurse)	PC3. Clean and maintain equipment according to manufacturer's instructions, any legal requirements and work setting procedures	-





	PC4. Report to appropriate people/nurse about the equipment that are unsuitable for use	
	PC5. Dispose of any waste safely and according to legal requirements and organisation protocol	
11. HSS/ N 5111 (Assist nurse in measuring	PC1. Assist nurse in calibrating the scales and following manufacturer's guidelines	
patient parameters accurately)	PC2. Use different types of scales including manual, digital, standard, chair and bed scales	6
	PC3. Ensure that patient is comfortable and positioned correctly	
12. HSS/ N 5114 (Transport patient samples, drugs, patient	PC4. Ensure patient safety to prevent a fall or an injury PC1. Perform effective hand hygiene and use personal protective equipment in accordance with the local and national policy/procedures	
documents and manage changing and transporting laundry/ linen on the floor)	PC2. Ensure linen receptacles that have not been filled or secured correctly in line with local policy are not collected or transported	
inten on the hoor)	PC3. Ensure that trolleys or vehicles are cleaned, with or without disinfection, and check that they are in good working order before use, isolating and reporting any that are not	6
	PC4. Collect and transport clean linen avoiding cross contamination with used linen and use a trolley or vehicle specifically designated for the delivery of clean linen	
	PC5. Hand over the patient documents and drugs to the concerned person	
	PC6. Ensure that all documents and drugs are handed over carefully	
13. HSS/ N 5115 [Carry out last office (Death care)]	PC1. Remove jewellery and any personal items, unless requested or advised otherwise. Ensure that appropriate records are made of any personal items left on the body or otherwise.	
	PC2. Attend to hygiene needs, paying particular attention to hair, nail care and oral hygiene	
	PC3. Attempt to close the eyes, using a small piece of clinical tape if required	
	PC4. Attach identification labels/wrist bands according to local guidelines and organisational policy	6
	PC5. Dress the patient in a gown/shroud or own clothes, as required	
	PC6. Place an incontinence pad underneath to contain any soiling	
	PC7. Place the body in the bag as per instructions, post completing any necessary documentation by nurse/physician	





	PC8. If a body bag is not to be used, enclose the body in a sheet, securing it with adhesive tape Grand Total-1 (Subject Domain)	
		80
	Soft Skills and Communication	Select each part each carrying 10 marks totalling 20
National Occupational Standards (NOS)	Performance Criteria (PC)	Weightage
1.HSS/ N 5107	PC1. Be a good listener	
(Communicating	PC2. Speak clearly and slowly in a gentle tone	
appropriately with co- workers)	PC3. Use the correct combination of verbal and non-verbal	
workers)	communication	4
	PC4. Use language familiar to the listener	
	PC5. Give facts and avoid opinions unless asked for	
	PC6. Structure brief and logical messages	
2. HSS/ N 5112 (Respond to patient's	PC1. Promptly respond to call bell	
(Respond to patient's call)	PC2. Communicate the medical needs to the nurse station without delay	
	PC3. Courteously and sensitively meet patient needs	2
	PC4. Ensure that the patient is at ease or comfortable	
	PC5. Quickly scan the patients surrounding and take appropriate action	
3. HSS/ N 9603 (Act within the limits of one's competence and authority)	PC1. Adhere to legislation, protocols and guidelines relevant to one's role and field of practice	
	PC2. Work within organisational systems and requirements as appropriate to one's role	
	PC3. Recognise the boundary of one's role and responsibility and seek supervision when situations are beyond one's competence and authority	2
	PC4. Maintain competence within one's role and field of practice	
	PC5. Use relevant research based protocols and guidelines as evidence to inform one's practice	
	PC6. Promote and demonstrate good practice as an individual and as a team member at all times	





	PC7. Identify and manage potential and actual risks to the quality and safety of practice	
	PC8. Evaluate and reflect on the quality of one's work and make continuing improvements	
4. HSS/ N 9604 (Work	PC1. Communicate with other people clearly and effectively	
effectively with others)	PC2. Integrate one's work with other people's work effectively	
	PC3. Pass on essential information to other people on timely basis	
	PC4. Work in a way that shows respect for other people	2
	PC5. Carry out any commitments made to other people	2
	PC6. Reason out the failure to fulfil commitment	
	PC7. Identify any problems with team members and other people and take the initiative to solve these problems	
	PC8. Follow the organisation's policies and procedures	
5. HSS/ N 9605	PC1. Clearly establish, agree, and record the work requirements	
(Manage work to meet	PC2. Utilise time effectively	
requirements)	PC3. Ensure his/her work meets the agreed requirements	2
	PC4. Treat confidential information correctly	2
	PC5. Work in line with the organisation's procedures and policies and within the limits of his/her job role	
6. HSS/ N 9606 (Maintain a safe, healthy, and secure working environment)	PC1. Identify individual responsibilities in relation to maintaining workplace health safety and security requirements	
	PC2. Comply with health, safety and security procedures for the workplace	
	PC3. Report any identified breaches in health, safety, and security procedures to the designated person	
	PC4. Identify potential hazards and breaches of safe work practices	
	PC5. Correct any hazards that individual can deal with safely, competently and within the limits of authority	2
	PC6. Promptly and accurately report the hazards that individual is not allowed to deal with, to the relevant person and warn other people who may get affected	
	PC7. Follow the organisation's emergency procedures promptly, calmly, and efficiently	
	PC8. Identify and recommend opportunities for improving health, safety, and security to the designated person	
	PC9. Complete any health and safety records legibly and accurately	





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7. HSS/ N 9607 (Practice Code of conduct while performing duties)	 PC1. Adhere to protocols and guidelines relevant to the role and field of practice PC2. Work within organisational systems and requirements as appropriate to the role PC3. Recognise the boundary of the role and responsibility and seek supervision when situations are beyond the competence and authority PC4. Maintain competence within the role and field of practice PC5. Use protocols and guidelines relevant to the field of practice PC6. Promote and demonstrate good practice as an individual and as a team member at all times PC7. Identify and manage potential and actual risks to the quality and patient safety PC8. Maintain personal hygiene and contribute actively to the healthcare ecosystem 	2
8. HSS/ N 9609 (Follow biomedical waste disposal protocols)	 PC1. Follow the appropriate procedures, policies and protocols for the method of collection and containment level according to the waste type PC2. Apply appropriate health and safety measures and standard precautions for infection prevention and control and personal protective equipment relevant to the type and category of waste PC3. Segregate the waste material from work areas in line with current legislation and organisational requirements PC4. Segregation should happen at source with proper containment, by using different colour coded bins for different categories of waste 	
	 PC5. Check the accuracy of the labelling that identifies the type and content of waste PC6. Confirm suitability of containers for any required course of action appropriate to the type of waste disposal PC7. Check the waste has undergone the required processes to make it safe for transport and disposal PC8. Transport the waste to the disposal site, taking into consideration its associated risks PC9. Report and deal with spillages and contamination in accordance with current legislation and procedures PC10. Maintain full, accurate and legible records of information and store in correct location in line with current legislation, guidelines, local policies and protocols 	4
Grand Total-2 (Soft Skills and Comunication)		